SCONTENTS

Stores LaTeX CONTENTS

v2.3 2025-04-23*

CTAN: https://www.ctan.org/pkg/scontents
https://github.com/pablgonz/scontents

Abstract

This package allows to store LaTeX code, including "*verbatim*", in ⟨*sequences*⟩ using the l3seq module of expl3. The ⟨*stored content*⟩ can be used as many times as desired in the document, additionally you can write to ⟨*external files*⟩ or show it in ⟨*verbatim style*⟩.

Contents

1 Description of the package

The SCONTENTS package allows to ⟨*store contents*⟩ in ⟨*sequences*⟩ or ⟨*external files*⟩. In some ways it is similar to the filecontentsdef package, with the difference in which the ⟨*content*⟩ is stored. The idea behind this package is to get an approach to ConTeXt "*buffers*" by making use ⟨*sequences*⟩.

2 Motivation and Acknowledgments

In LaTeX there is no direct way to record content for later use, although you can do this using \macros, recording ⟨*verbatim content*⟩ is a problem, usually you can avoid this by creating external files or boxes.

The general idea of this package is to try to imitate this implementation "*buffers*" that has ConTeXt which allows you to save content in memory, including *verbatim*, to be used later. The package filecontentsdef solves this problem and since expl3 has an excellent way to manage data, ideas were combined giving rise to this package.

This package would not be possible without the great work of Jean François Burnol who was kind enough to take my requirements into account and add the filecontentsdefmacro environment. Also a special thanks to Phelype Oleinik who has collaborated and adapted a large part of the code and all LaTeX team for their great work and to the different members of the TeX-SX community who have provided great answers and ideas. Here a note of the main ones:

1. Stack datastructure using LaTeX
2. LaTeX equivalent of ConTeXt buffers
3. Storing an array of strings in a command
4. Collecting contents of environment and store them for later retrieval
5. Collect contents of an environment (that contains verbatim content)

Starting with version 2.3 the SCONTENTS package is fully compatible with *tagged* PDF and will have LaTeX release 2024-11-01 (TeX Live 2024) as a minimum requirement.

*This file describes a documentation for v2.3, last revised 2025-04-23.
†E-mail: «pablgonz@educarchile.cl».

3 License and Requirements

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this software under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License (lppl), version 1.3 or later (https://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt). The software has the status "maintained".

The The SCONTENTS package is written (mostly) using expl3, it requires an updated version of LaTeX to work (minimum required to LaTeX release 2024-11-01). This package can be used with plain, context, xelatex, lualatex, pdflatex and the classical workflow latex»dvips»ps2pdf.

4 The scontents package

4.1 Installation

The package SCONTENTS is present in TeX Live and MiKTeX, use the package manager to install. For manual installation, download scontents.zip and unzip it, run luatex scontents.ins and move all files to appropriate locations, then run mktexlsr. To produce the documentation with source code run luatex scontents.ins and lualatex scontents.dtx three times.

```
scontents.tex       »  TDS:tex/generic/scontents/
scontents-code.tex  »  TDS:tex/generic/scontents/
scontents.sty       »  TDS:tex/latex/scontents/
t-scontents.mkiv    »  TDS:tex/context/third/scontents/
scontents.pdf       »  TDS:doc/latex/scontents/
README.md           »  TDS:doc/latex/scontents/
scontents.dtx       »  TDS:source/latex/scontents/
scontents.ins       »  TDS:source/latex/scontents/
```

4.2 Loading and options

The package is loaded in the usual way:

For LaTeX users

```
\usepackage{scontents}
```

or

```
\usepackage[⟨key = val⟩]{scontents}
```

The package options are not available for plain TeX and ConTeXt, see 4.4.

For plain TeX users

```
\input scontents.tex
```

For ConTeXt users

```
\usemodule{scontents}
```

ConTeXt users should use -luatex, the implementation does not support LuaMetaTeX.

4.3 The TAB character

Some users use horizontal TABs "⇥" from keyboard to indented the source code of the document and depending on the text editor used, some will use real TABs ("*hard tabs*"), others with "*soft tabs*"(␣␣ or ␣␣␣␣) or both.

At first glance it may seem the same, but the way in which TABs ("*hard tabs*") are processed according to the context in which they are found within a file, both in ⟨*reading*⟩[1] and ⟨*writing*⟩[2] are different and may have adverse consequences.

In a standard LaTeX document, the character TAB "⇥" are treated as explicit spaces (in most contexts) and is the behavior when ⟨*stored contents*⟩, but when ⟨*writing files*⟩ these are preserved.

With a TeX Live distribution, the TAB character is "*printable*" for latex, pdflatex and lualatex, but if you use xelatex you must add the -8bit option on the command line, otherwise you will get TeX-TAB (^^I) in the ⟨*output file*⟩.

As a general recommendation "Do not use TAB character unless strictly necessary", for example within

[1] Check the answer given by Ulrich Diez in Keyboard TAB character in argument v (xparse).
[2] Check the answer given by Enrico Gregorio in How to output a tabulation into a file.

a *verbatim* environment that supports this character such as `Verbatim` of the package fancyvrb or `lstlisting` of the package listings or when you want to generate a `MakeFile` file.

4.4 Configuration of the options

Most of the options can be passed directly to the package or using the command `\setupsc`. All boolean keys can be passed using the equal sign "=" or just the name of the key, all unknown keys will return an error. In this section are described some of the options, a summary of all options is shown in section 4.5.

`\setupsc` `\setupsc{⟨keyval list⟩}`

The command `\setupsc` sets the ⟨*keys*⟩ in a global way, it can be used both in the preamble and in the body of the document as many times as desired. However, options set in the declaration of an environment (with `\newenvsc`) have precedence over options set with `\setupsc`.

Options in the optional arguments of environments and commands have the highest precedence, overriding both options in `\newenvsc`, and in `\setupsc`.

`verb-font` = {⟨*font family*⟩} default: `\ttfamily`

Sets the ⟨*font family*⟩ used to display the ⟨*stored content*⟩ for the `\typestored` and `\meaningsc` commands. This key is only available as a package option or using `\setupsc`.

`store-all` = {⟨*seq name*⟩} default: *not used*

It is a ⟨*meta-key*⟩ that sets the `store-env` key of the `scontents` environment and the `store-cmd` key of the `\Scontents` command. This key is only available as a package option or using `\setupsc`.

`overwrite` = {⟨*true* | *false*⟩} default: *false*

Sets whether the ⟨*files*⟩ generated by `write-out` and `write-env` from the `scontents` environment will be rewritten. This key is available as a package option, for `\setupsc`, for `\Scontents*` and for the environment `scontents`.

`print-all` = {⟨*true* | *false*⟩} default: *false*

It is a ⟨*meta-key*⟩ that sets the `print-env` key of the `scontents` environment and the `print-cmd` key of the `\Scontents` command. This key is only available as a package option or using `\setupsc`.

`force-eol` = {⟨*true* | *false*⟩} default: *false*

Sets if the end of line for the ⟨*stored content*⟩ is hidden or not. This key is necessary only if the last line is the closing of some environment defined by the fancyvrb package as `\end{Verbatim}` or another environment that does not support a comments "%" after closing `\end{«env»}%`. This key is available for the `scontents` environment and the `\Scontents` command.

`width-tab` = {⟨*integer*⟩} default: *1*

Sets the equivalence in ⟨*spaces*⟩ for the character `TAB` used when displaying stored content in *verbatim style*. The value must be a ⟨*positive integer*⟩. This key is available for the `\typestored` and the `\meaningsc` commands.

4.5 Options Overview

Summary of available options:

key	package	`\setupsc`	`scontents`	`\Scontents`	`\Scontents*`	`\typestored`	`\meaningsc`
`store-env`	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
`store-cmd`	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
`print-env`	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
`print-cmd`	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
`print-all`	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
`store-all`	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
`write-env`	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
`write-cmd`	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
`write-out`	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
`overwrite`	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
`width-tab`	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
`force-eol`	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
`verb-font`	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

5 User interface

The user interface consists in `scontents` environment, `\Scontents` and `\Scontents*` commands to ⟨*stored content*⟩ and `\getstored` command to get the ⟨*stored content*⟩ along with other utilities described in this documentation.

5.1 The environment scontents

scontents

```
\begin{scontents}[⟨keyval list⟩]
    ⟨env contents⟩
\end{scontents}
```

The scontents environment allows you to ⟨*store*⟩ and ⟨*write*⟩ content, including *verbatim* material. After the package has been loaded, the environment can be used both in the preamble and in the body of the document.

For the correct operation \begin{scontents} and \end{scontents} must be in different lines, all ⟨*keys*⟩ must be passed separated by commas and "without separation" of the start of the environment.

Comments "%" or "any character" after \begin{scontents} or [⟨*keyval list*⟩] on the same line are not supported, the package will return an "error" message if this happens. In a similar way comments "%" or "any character" after \end{scontents} on the same line the package will return a "warning" message.

The environment can be ⟨*nested*⟩ if it is properly balanced and does not appear "literally" in commented lines or in some *verbatim* environment or command. As an example:

```
\begin{scontents}[store-env=outer]
This text is in the outer environment (before nested).
\begin{scontents}[store-env=inner]
This text is found in the inner environment (inside of nested).
\end{scontents}
This text is in the outer environment (after nested).
\end{scontents}
```

Of course, content stored in the ⟨*inner*⟩ sequence is only available after content stored in the ⟨*outer*⟩ sequence one has been retrieved, either by using the key print-env or \getstored command.

It is advisable to store content within sequences with different names, so as not to get lost in the order in which content is stored.

Notes for plain TEX and ConTEXt users

In plain TEX there is not environments as in LATEX. Instead of using the environment scontents, one should use a *pseudo environment* delimited by \scontents and \endscontents.

\scontents
\endscontents

```
\scontents[⟨keyval list⟩]
    ⟨env contents⟩
\endscontents
```

ConTEXt users should use \startscontents and \stopscontents.

\startscontents
\stopscontents

```
\startscontents[⟨keyval list⟩]
    ⟨env contents⟩
\stopscontents
```

Options for environment

The environment options can be configured globally using option in package or the \setupsc command and locally using [⟨*key = val*⟩] in the environment. The key force-eol is available for this environment.

store-env = {⟨*seq name*⟩} default: *contents*

Sets the name of the ⟨*sequence*⟩ in which the contents will be stored. If the sequence does not exist, it will be created globally.

print-env = {⟨*true* | *false*⟩} default: *false*

Sets if the ⟨*stored content*⟩ is displayed or not at the time of running the environment. The content is extracted from the ⟨*sequence*⟩ in which it is stored.

write-env = {⟨*file.ext*⟩} default: *not used*

Sets the name of the ⟨*external file*⟩ in which the ⟨*contents*⟩ of the environment will be written. The ⟨*file.ext*⟩ will be created in the working directory, relative or absolute paths are not supported. If ⟨*file.ext*⟩ does not exist, it will be created or overwritten if the overwrite key is used.

The characters TABs will be written in ⟨*file.ext*⟩ and the ⟨*contents*⟩ will be stored in the ⟨*sequence*⟩ established at that time. XELATEX users using the TAB character must add -8bit at the command line, otherwise you will get TEX-TAB (^^I) in ⟨*file.ext*⟩.

write-out = {⟨*file.ext*⟩} default: *not used*

Sets the name of the ⟨*external file*⟩ in which the ⟨*contents*⟩ of the environment will be written. The ⟨*file.ext*⟩ will be created in the working directory, relative or absolute paths are not supported. If ⟨*file.ext*⟩ does not exist, it will be created or overwritten if the overwrite key is used.

The characters TABs will be written in ⟨*file.ext*⟩, the rest of the ⟨*keys*⟩ will not be available and the ⟨*contents*⟩ will NOT be stored in any ⟨*sequence*⟩. XeLaTeX users using the TAB character must add `-8bit` at the command line, otherwise you will get TeX-TAB (`^^I`) in ⟨*file.ext*⟩.

5.2 The command \newenvsc

\newenvsc `\newenvsc{`⟨*env name*⟩`}[`⟨*initial keys*⟩`]`

The command `\newenvsc` allows you to create ⟨*new environments*⟩ based on the same characteristics of the `scontents` environment. The values entered in [⟨*initial keys*⟩] will be considered as the default values for this new environment and the valid ⟨*keys*⟩ are `store-env` and `print-env`. For example:

```
\newenvsc{myenvstore}[store-env=myseq,print-env=false]
```

created the `myenvstore` environment that stored the content in the `myseq` sequence and will not display the content when it is executed.

5.3 The command \Scontents

\Scontents `\Scontents[`⟨*key = val*⟩`]{`⟨*argument*⟩`}`
`\Scontents*[`⟨*key = val*⟩`]{`⟨*argument*⟩`}`
`\Scontents*[`⟨*key = val*⟩`]`⟨*del*⟩⟨*argument*⟩⟨*del*⟩

The `\Scontents` command reads the {⟨*argument*⟩} in standard mode. It is not possible to pass environments such as *verbatim*, but it is possible to use the implementation of `\Verb` provided by the fvextra package for contents on one line and `\lstinline` from listings package, but it is preferable to use the starred (`*`) version.

The `\Scontents*` command reads the {⟨*argument*⟩} under *verbatim* category code regimen. If its first delimiter is a brace, it will be assumed that the {⟨*argument*⟩} is nested into braces. Otherwise it will be assumed that the ending of that ⟨*argument*⟩ is delimited by that first delimiter ⟨*del*⟩ like command `\verb`.

Blank lines are preserved, escaped braces "`\{`" and "`\}`" must also be balanced if the argument is used with braces and TABs characters typed from the keyboard are converted into spaces. The starred argument (`*`) and [⟨*key = val*⟩] must not be separated by horizontal spaces between them and the command.

Both versions can be used anywhere in the document and cannot be used as an ⟨*argument*⟩ for other command.

Options for command

The command options can be configured globally using option in package or the `\setupsc` command and locally using [⟨*key = val*⟩]. The key `force-eol` is available for this command.

`store-cmd` = {⟨*seq name*⟩} default: *contents*

Sets the name of the ⟨*sequence*⟩ in which the contents will be stored. If the sequence does not exist, it will be created globally.

`print-cmd` = {⟨*true* | *false*⟩} default: *false*

Sets if the ⟨*stored content*⟩ is displayed or not at the time of running the command. The content is extracted from the ⟨*sequence*⟩ in which it is stored.

Options only for the starred version

`write-cmd` = {⟨*file.ext*⟩} default: *not used*

Sets the name of the ⟨*external file*⟩ in which the ⟨*contents*⟩ of the {⟨*argument*⟩} will be written. The ⟨*file.ext*⟩ will be created in the working directory, relative or absolute paths are not supported. If ⟨*file.ext*⟩ does not exist, it will be created or overwritten if the `overwrite` key is used.

The characters TABs will be written in ⟨*file.ext*⟩ and the ⟨*contents*⟩ will be stored in the ⟨*sequence*⟩ established at that time. XeLaTeX users using the TAB character must add `-8bit` at the command line, otherwise you will get TeX-TAB (`^^I`) in ⟨*file.ext*⟩.

`write-out` = {⟨*file.ext*⟩} default: *not used*

Sets the name of the ⟨*external file*⟩ in which the ⟨*contents*⟩ of the {⟨*argument*⟩} will be written. The ⟨*file.ext*⟩ will be created in the working directory, relative or absolute paths are not supported. If ⟨*file.ext*⟩ does not exist, it will be created or overwritten if the `overwrite` key is used.

The characters TABs will be written in ⟨*file.ext*⟩, the rest of the ⟨*keys*⟩ will not be available and the ⟨*contents*⟩ will NOT be stored in any ⟨*sequence*⟩. XeLaTeX users using the TAB character must add `-8bit` at the command line, otherwise you will get TeX-TAB (`^^I`) in ⟨*file.ext*⟩.

The key `overwrite` is available for this command.

5.4 The command \getstored

\getstored `\getstored[⟨index⟩]{⟨seq name⟩}`

The command \getstored gets the content stored in {⟨seq name⟩} according to the ⟨index⟩ in which it was stored. The command is robust and can be used as an ⟨argument⟩ for another command. If the optional argument is not passed, the default value is the "last element" stored in {⟨seq name⟩}.

5.5 The command \foreachsc

\foreachsc `\foreachsc[⟨key = val⟩]{⟨seq name⟩}`

The command \foreachsc goes through and executes the command \getstored on the contents stored in {⟨seq name⟩}. If you pass without options run \getstored on all contents stored in {⟨seq name⟩}.

Options for command

sep = {⟨code⟩} default: *empty*

Establishes the separation between each content stored in {⟨seq name⟩}. For example, you can use sep={\\[10pt]} for vertical separation of stored contents.

step = {⟨integer⟩} default: *1*

Sets the increment (⟨step⟩) applied to the value set by key start for each element stored in the {⟨seq name⟩}. The value must be a ⟨positive integer⟩.

start = {⟨integer⟩} default: *1*

Sets the ⟨index⟩ number of the {⟨seq name⟩} from which execution will start. The value must be a ⟨positive integer⟩.

stop = {⟨integer⟩} default: *total*

Sets the ⟨index⟩ number of the {⟨seq name⟩} from which execution it will finish executing. The value must be a ⟨positive integer⟩.

before = {⟨code⟩} default: *empty*

Sets the {⟨code⟩} that will be executed ⟨before⟩ each content stored in {⟨seq name⟩}. The {⟨code⟩} must be passed between braces.

after = {⟨code⟩} default: *empty*

Sets the {⟨code⟩} that will be executed ⟨after⟩ each content stored in {⟨seq name⟩}. The {⟨code⟩} must be passed between braces.

wrapper = {⟨code {#1} more code⟩} default: *empty*

Wraps the content stored in {⟨seq name⟩} referenced by {#1}. The {⟨code⟩} must be passed between braces. For example \foreachsc[wrapper={\makebox[1em][l]{#1}}]{contents}.

5.6 The command \typestored

\typestored `\typestored[⟨index, 1-end, width-tab = number⟩]{⟨seq name⟩}`

The command \typestored internally places the content stored in the {⟨seq name⟩} into the verbatimsc environment. The ⟨index⟩ corresponds to the position in which the content is stored in the {⟨seq name⟩}, if ⟨1-end⟩ is used *"all"* content stored in {⟨seq name⟩} will be printed.

If the optional argument is not passed it defaults to the first element stored in the {⟨seq name⟩}. The key width-tab is available for this command.

5.7 The command \mergesc

\mergesc `\mergesc[⟨typestored | meaningsc, keys⟩]{{⟨seq A⟩}[⟨index⟩], {⟨seq B⟩}[⟨start - stop⟩], {⟨seq C⟩}[⟨1-end⟩]}`

The command \mergesc internally assembles the content stored in the {⟨seq A⟩}[1], {⟨seq B⟩}[2-5] and {⟨seq C⟩}[1-end] into a temporary internal ⟨seq temp⟩.

The use of the keys typestored or meaningsc are *"mandatory"* and disjoint from each other, the rest of the accepted ⟨keys⟩ are print-cmd, write-out, width-tab and overwrite.

The use of the write-out key with this command follows the same rules already described, the main advantage is that it allows to join stored content *without rewriting* the file over and over again, by design TEX does not have an append mode for writing files, this effectively allows you to write chunks of code and then merge them into a single file.

5.8 The environment verbatimsc

verbatimsc

Internal environment used by \typestored to display ⟨*verbatim style*⟩ contents.

One consideration to keep in mind is that this is a "*representation*" of the ⟨*stored content*⟩ in a "*verbatim*" environment.

The internal verbatimsc environment is compatible with *tagged* PDF and can be customized in the following ways after loading the SCONTENTS package:

Using the package fancyvrb:

```
\makeatletter
\let\verbatimsc\@undefined
\let\endverbatimsc\@undefined
\makeatother
\usepackage{fancyvrb}
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{verbatimsc}{Verbatim}{numbers=left}
```

Using the package minted:

```
\makeatletter
\let\verbatimsc\@undefined
\let\endverbatimsc\@undefined
\makeatother
\usepackage{minted}
\newminted{tex}{linenos}
\newenvironment{verbatimsc}{\VerbatimEnvironment\begin{texcode}}{\end{texcode}}
```

Using the package listings:

```
\makeatletter
\let\verbatimsc\@undefined
\let\endverbatimsc\@undefined
\makeatother
\usepackage{listings}
\lstnewenvironment{verbatimsc}
  {
   \lstset{
           basicstyle=\small\ttfamily,
           columns=fullflexible,
           language=[LaTeX]TeX,
           numbers=left,
           numberstyle=\tiny\color{gray},
           keywordstyle=\color{red}
          }
  }{}
```

At the moment, the fancyhdr, listings, and minted packages are not compatible with *tagged* PDF.

6 Other commands provided

6.1 The command \meaningsc

\meaningsc

\meaningsc[⟨*index*, *width-tab* = *number*⟩]{⟨*seq name*⟩}

The command \meaningsc executes \meaning on the content stored in {⟨*seq name*⟩}. The ⟨*index*⟩ corresponds to the position in which the content is stored in the {⟨*seq name*⟩}.

If the optional argument is not passed it defaults to the first element stored in the {⟨*seq name*⟩}. The key width-tab is available for this command.

6.2 The command \countsc

\countsc

\countsc{⟨*seq name*⟩}

The command \countsc count a number of contents stored in {⟨*seq name*⟩}.

6.3 The command \cleanseqsc

\cleanseqsc

\cleanseqsc{⟨*seq name*⟩}

The command \cleanseqsc remove all contents stored in {⟨*seq name*⟩}.

7 The SCONTENTS package in action

Remember the abstract on the first page?, this is it:

Abstract

This package allows to store LaTeX code, including "*verbatim*", in ⟨*sequences*⟩ using the l3seq module of expl3. The ⟨*stored content*⟩ can be used as many times as desired in the document, additionally you can write to ⟨*external files*⟩ or show it in ⟨*verbatim style*⟩.

And the description of the package?

The SCONTENTS package allows to ⟨*store contents*⟩ in ⟨*sequences*⟩ or ⟨*external files*⟩. In some ways it is similar to the filecontentsdef package, with the difference in which the ⟨*content*⟩ is stored. The idea behind this package is to get an approach to ConTeXt "*buffers*" by making use ⟨*sequences*⟩.

I've only written:

```
\begin{abstract}
This package allows to store \hologo{LaTeX} code, including \enquote{\emph{verbatim}},
in \mymeta{sequences} using the \mypkg{l3seq} module of \mypkg{expl3}. The \mymeta{stored
content} can be used as many times as desired in the document, additionally you can write
to \mymeta{external files} or show it in \mymeta{verbatim style}.
\end{abstract}
```

and

```
The \mypkg*{scontents} package allows to \mymeta{store contents} in \mymeta{sequences}
or \mymeta{external files}. In some ways it is similar to the \mypkg{filecontentsdef}
package, with the difference in which the \mymeta{content} is stored. The idea behind
this package is to get an approach to \hologo{ConTeXt} \enquote{\emph{buffers}} by
making use \mymeta{sequences}.
```

Of course, I didn't copy and paste. The real code they were written with is:

```
\begin{scontents}[store-env=abstract,print-env=true]
\begin{abstract}
This package allows to store \hologo{LaTeX} code, including \enquote{\emph{verbatim}},
in \mymeta{sequences} using the \mypkg{l3seq} module of \mypkg{expl3}. The \mymeta{stored
content} can be used as many times as desired in the document, additionally you can write
to \mymeta{external files} or show it in \mymeta{verbatim style}.
\end{abstract}
\end{scontents}
```

and

```
\begin{scontents}[store-env=description, print-env=true]
The \mypkg*{scontents} package allows to \mymeta{store contents} in \mymeta{sequences}
or \mymeta{external files}. In some ways it is similar to the \mypkg{filecontentsdef}
package, with the difference in which the \mymeta{content} is stored. The idea behind
this package is to get an approach to \hologo{ConTeXt} \enquote{\emph{buffers}} by
making use \mymeta{sequences}.
\end{scontents}
```

I stored the content in memory and then ran `\getstored` and `\typestored`. This is one of the ways you can use SCONTENTS.

8 Examples

These are some adapted examples that have served as inspiration for the creation of this package. The examples are attached to this documentation and can be extracted from your PDF viewer or from the command line by running:

```
$ pdfdetach -saveall scontents.pdf
```

and then you can use the excellent arara[3] tool to compile them.

8.1 From answers package

Example 1

Adaptation of example 1 of the package answers.

[3]The cool TeX automation tool: https://www.ctan.org/pkg/arara

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[store-cmd=solutions]{scontents}
\newtheorem{ex}{Exercise}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
\section{Problems}
\begin{ex}
First exercise
\Scontents{First solution.}
\end{ex}

\begin{ex}
Second exercise
\Scontents{Second solution.}
\end{ex}

\section{Solutions}
\foreachsc[sep={\\[10pt]}]{solutions}
\end{document}
```

8.2 From `filecontentsdef` package

Example 2

Adaptation of example from package filecontentsdef.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[store-env=defexercise,store-cmd=defexercise]{scontents}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
% not starred
\Scontents{
Prove that \[x^n+y^n=z^n\] is not solvable in positive integers if $n$ is at
most $-3$.\par
}
% starred
\Scontents*|Refute the existence of black holes in less than $140$ characters.|
% write environment to \jobname.txt
\begin{scontents}[write-env=\jobname.txt]
\def\NSA{NSA}%
Prove that factorization is easily done via probabilistic algorithms and
advance evidence from knowledge of the names of its employees in the
seventies that the \NSA\ has known that for 40 years.\par
\end{scontents}
% see all stored
\begin{itemize}
\foreachsc[before={\item }]{defexercise}
\end{itemize}
% \getstored are robust :)
\section{\getstored[2]{defexercise}}
\end{document}
```

8.3 From TeX-SX

Example 3

Adapted from LaTeX equivalent of ConTeXt buffers.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[store-cmd=tikz]{scontents}
\usepackage{tikz}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\Scontents{\matrix{ \node (a) {$a$} ; & \node (b) {$b$} ; \\ } ;}
```

```
\Scontents{\matrix[ampersand replacement=\&]
{ \node (a) {$a$} ; \& \node (b) {$b$} ; \\ } ;}
\Scontents{\matrix{\node (a) {$a$} ; & \node (b) {$b$} ; \\ } ; }
\begin{document}
\section{tikzpicture}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\getstored[1]{tikz}
\end{tikzpicture}

\begin{tikzpicture}
\getstored[2]{tikz}
\end{tikzpicture}

\begin{tikzpicture}
\getstored{tikz}
\end{tikzpicture}

\begin{scontents}[store-env=buffer]
Hello World!

This is a \verb*|fake poor man's buffer :)|.
\end{scontents}

\section{source tikz}
\typestored[1]{tikz}
\typestored[2]{tikz}
\typestored[3]{tikz}

\section{fake buffer}
\subsection{real content}
\getstored[1]{buffer}
\subsection{verbatim style}
\typestored[1]{buffer}
\subsection{meaning}
\meaningsc[1]{buffer}

\section{tikz again}
\foreachsc[before={\begin{tikzpicture}},after={\end{tikzpicture}},sep={\\[10pt]}]{tikz}
\end{document}
```

Example 4

Adapted from Collecting contents of environment and store them for later retrieval.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
\begin{scontents}[store-env=main]
Something for main A.
\end{scontents}

\begin{scontents}[store-env=main]
Something for \verb|main B|.
\end{scontents}

\begin{scontents}[store-env=other]
Something for \verb|other|.
\end{scontents}

\textbf{Let's print them}

This is first stored in main: \getstored[1]{main}\par
This is second stored in main: \getstored{main}\par
This is stored in other: \getstored{other}

\textbf{Print all of stored in main}\par
\foreachsc[sep={\\[10pt]}]{main}
\end{document}
```

Example 5

Adapted from Collect contents of an environment (that contains verbatim content).

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
\section{Problem stated the first time}
\begin{scontents}[print-env=true,store-env=problem]
This is normal text.
\verb|This is from the verb command.|
\verb*|This is from the verb* command.|
This is normal text.
\begin{verbatim}
This is from the verbatim environment:
&%{}~
\end{verbatim}
\end{scontents}
\section{Problem restated}
\getstored[1]{problem}
\section{Problem restated once more}
\getstored[1]{problem}
\end{document}
```

Example 6

Adapted from Environment hiding its content.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass[10pt]{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
\newenvsc{forshort}[store-env=forshort,print-env=false]
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}

Something in the whole course.

\begin{forshort}
    Just a summary...
\end{forshort}

\end{document}
```

8.4 Customization of `verbatimsc`

Example 7

Customization of `verbatimsc` using the fancyvrb and tcolorbox package.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
\makeatletter
\let\verbatimsc\@undefined
\let\endverbatimsc\@undefined
\makeatother
\usepackage{fvextra}
\usepackage{xcolor}
\definecolor{mygray}{gray}{0.9}
\usepackage{tcolorbox}
\newenvironment{verbatimsc}%
{\VerbatimEnvironment
\begin{tcolorbox}[colback=mygray, boxsep=0pt, arc=0pt, boxrule=0pt]
\begin{Verbatim}[fontsize=\scriptsize, breaklines, breakafter=*, breaksymbolsep=0.5em,
breakaftersymbolpre={\,\tiny\ensuremath{\rfloor}}]}%
```

```
{\end{Verbatim}%
\end{tcolorbox}}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash begin\{scontents\}} with \texttt{fancyvrb}}
Test \verb+{scontents}+ \par

\begin{scontents}
Using \verb+scontents+ env no \verb+[key=val]+, save in seq \verb+contents+
with index 1.

Prove new \Verb*{ fancyvrb with braces } and environment \verb+Verbatim*+
\begin{verbatim}
 verbatim  environment
\end{verbatim}
\end{scontents}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash Scontents} with \texttt{fancyvrb}}
\Scontents{ We have coded this in \LaTeX: $E=mc^2$.}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash getstored}}
\getstored[1]{contents}\par
\getstored{contents}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash meaningsc}}
\meaningsc[1]{contents}\par
\meaningsc[2]{contents}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash typestored}}
\typestored[1]{contents}
\typestored[2]{contents}
\end{document}
```

Example 8

Customization of `verbatimsc` using the listings package.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
\makeatletter
\let\verbatimsc\@undefined
\let\endverbatimsc\@undefined
\makeatother
\usepackage{xcolor}
\usepackage{listings}
\lstnewenvironment{verbatimsc}
  {
   \lstset{
           basicstyle=\small\ttfamily,
           breaklines=true,
           columns=fullflexible,
           language=[LaTeX]TeX,
           numbers=left,
           numbersep=1em,
           numberstyle=\tiny\color{gray},
           keywordstyle=\color{red}
          }
  }{}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash begin\{scontents\}} with \texttt{listings}}
Test \verb+{scontents}+ \par

\begin{scontents}
Using \verb+scontents+ env no \verb+[key=val]+, save in seq \verb+contents+ with index 1.\par

Prove \lstinline[basicstyle=\ttfamily]| lstinline | and environment \verb+Verbatim*+
\begin{verbatim}
```

```
  verbatim  environment
\end{verbatim}
\end{scontents}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash Scontents*} with \texttt{listings}}

\Scontents*+ We have coded this in \lstinline[basicstyle=\ttfamily]|\LaTeX: $E=mc^2$|
and more.+

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash getstored}}
\getstored{contents}\par
\getstored[1]{contents}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash typestored}}
\typestored[1]{contents}
\typestored[2]{contents}
\end{document}
```

Example 9

Customization of `verbatimsc` using the minted package.

```
% arara: xelatex: {shell: true, options: [-8bit]}
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
\makeatletter
\let\verbatimsc\@undefined
\let\endverbatimsc\@undefined
\makeatother
\usepackage{minted}
\newminted{tex}{linenos}
\newenvironment{verbatimsc}{\VerbatimEnvironment\begin{texcode}}{\end{texcode}}
\pagestyle{empty}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\begin{document}
\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash begin\{scontents\}} with \texttt{minted}}
Test \verb+{scontents}+ \par

\begin{scontents}[overwrite,write-env=\jobname.tsc,force-eol=true]
Using \verb+scontents+ env no \verb+[key=val]+, save in seq \verb+contents+
with index 1.\par

Prove new \Verb*{ new fvextra with braces } and environment \verb+Verbatim*+
\begin{Verbatim}[obeytabs, showtabs, tab=\rightarrowfill, tabcolor=red]
No tab
        One real tab
                Two real Tab plus       one tab
\end{Verbatim}
\end{scontents}

\section{See \Verb{\jobname.tsc}}
Read \Verb{\jobname.tsc} (shows TABs as red arrows):
\VerbatimInput[obeytabs, showtabs, tab=\rightarrowfill, tabcolor=red]{\jobname.tsc}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash Scontents} with \texttt{minted}}

\Scontents{ We have coded \par this in \LaTeX: $E=mc^2$.}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash getstored}}
\getstored[1]{contents}\par
\getstored{contents}

\section{Test \texttt{\textbackslash typestored}}
\typestored[1]{contents}
\typestored[2]{contents}
\end{document}
```

8.5 The command \mergesc in action

The command `\mergesc` in action, adapted from Denis Bitouzé request at https://github.com/pablgonz/scontents/issues/2.

```
% arara: pdflatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents}
% Fix part of a MCE that should go before babel's loading
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce]
\documentclass[french]{article}
\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
\usepackage{lmodern}
\usepackage[a4paper]{geometry}
\end{scontents}
% Fix part of a MCE that should go after (>=) babel's loading
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce]
\usepackage{babel}
\begin{document}
\end{scontents}
% Fix part of a MCE that should go after its body
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce]
\end{document}
\end{scontents}
\begin{document}
\section{First annswer}
% Variable part of a MCE that should added to the fixed preamble, before babel's loading
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce-1]
\usepackage{amsmath}
\end{scontents}
% Variable part of a MCE being the code snippet
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce-1]
\begin{align}
  0 & \neq 1 \\
  1 & \neq 0
\end{align}
\end{scontents}
\begin{description}
\item[Preamble's addition]\leavevmode
  \typestored[1]{mce-1}
\item[Code snippet]\leavevmode
  \typestored[2]{mce-1}
\item[MCE]\leavevmode
  \mergesc[typestored, print-cmd=true]
    {
      {mce}[1], {mce-1}[1], {mce}[2], {mce-1}[2], {mce}[3]
    }
\end{description}
\section{Second annswer}
% Variable part of a MCE that should added to the fixed preamble, before babel's loading
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce-2]
\usepackage{amsmath}
\end{scontents}
% Variable part of a MCE being the code snippet
\begin{scontents}[store-env=mce-2]
\begin{flalign}
  0 & \neq 1 \\
  1 & \neq 0
\end{flalign}
\end{scontents}

\begin{description}
\item[Preamble's addition]\leavevmode
  \typestored[1]{mce-2}
\item[Code snippet]\leavevmode
  \typestored[2]{mce-2}
\item[MCE]\leavevmode
  \mergesc[typestored, print-cmd=true, write-out=mce.txt, overwrite=true]
    {
      {mce}[1], {mce-2}[1], {mce}[2], {mce-2}[2], {mce}[3]
    }
\end{description}
\end{document}
```

8.6 The tagged PDF example

A verification test for the \typestored command and the verbatimsc environment compatible with *tagged* PDF.

```
% arara: lualatex
% arara: clean: { extensions: [ aux, log] }
\DocumentMetadata{lang = en-US, pdfversion = 2.0, pdfstandard = ua-2,testphase=latest}
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scontents,unicode-math,hyperref}
\hypersetup{pdftitle = {Test scontents package},}
\begin{document}
% environment
\begin{scontents}[print-env=true]
    First code \verb|\foo|

    And more code \verb|\baz|
\end{scontents}

% \typestored
\typestored[1]{contents}
\end{document}
```

9 Change history

In this section you will find some (not all) of the changes in SCONTENTS development, from the first public implementation using the filecontentsdef package to the current version with only expl3.

v2.3 (ctan), 2025-04-23
- Adapting the `verbatimsc` environment for *tagged* PDF.
- Update minimum required to LaTeX release 2024-11-01.
- Safer code for replacement `\obeyedline`.

v2.2 (ctan), 2025-03-26
- Fix internal definition for some functions.
- Replace `\peek_charcode_ignore_spaces:NTF` by `\peek_charcode:NTF`.
- Set correct code for `\obeyedline` implement in LaTeX release 2024-06-01.

v2.1 (ctan), 2024-06-14
- Fix `\cleansc` command.
- Add `\mergesc` command.
- Fix internal definition for seq var.
- Fix internal code for `\typestored`.
- Replace `\cs_argument_spec:N` by `\cs_parameter_spec:N`.
- Detect `l3keys2e` package (obsolete in june 2022 LaTeX release).
- Minor adjustments in the documentation.

v2.0 (ctan), 2022-04-04
- Adapting the `verbatimsc` environment (compatibility `verbatim` package).
- Removed compatibility layer for older LaTeX releases.
- Fix loader in plain TeX and ConTeXt.
- Minor adjustments in the documentation.

v1.9 (ctan), 2020-01-21
- Update and improvements in the internal code.
- Updating the generic code for `I/O` verification.
- Add `write-cmd` and `write-out` keys for `\Scontents*`.
- Fix `sep` key in `\foreachsc`.

v1.8 (ctan), 2019-11-18
- Add `\newenvsc` command.
- Fix nested environment in plain TeX and ConTeXt.
- Modified default value in `\getstored`.
- Add `overwrite` key to reduce `I/O` operations.
- Deleted an unnecessary group in the code.

v1.7 (ctan), 2019-10-29
- The `verbatimsc` environment was rewritten.
- Minor adjustments in documentation.

v1.6 (ctan), 2019-10-26
- The internal behavior of `\getstored` has been modified.
- The internal behavior of `\foreachsc` has been modified.
- Corrected file extension for ConTeXt.
- Remove spurious warning.

v1.5 (ctan), 2019-10-24
- Add support for plain TeX and ConTeXt.
- Split internal code for optimization.
- Add support for vertical spaces in `key=val`.
- Add `\foreachsc` command.
- Check if `verbatim` package is loaded.

v1.4 (ctan), 2019-10-03
- Add `store-all` key.
- Messages and keys were separated.
- Restructuring of documentation.
- Now the version of `expl3` is checked instead of `xparse`.
- The internal behavior of `force-eol` has been modified.

v1.3 (ctan), 2019-09-24
- The environment can now nest.
- Added `force-eol`, `verb-font` and `width-tab` keys.
- The extra space has been removed when you run `\getstored`.
- Internal code has been rewritten more efficiently.
- Remove starred argument for `\typestored`.
- Remove `filecontentsdef` dependency.
- Changing `\regex_replace_all:` for `\tl_replace_all:`.

v1.2 (ctan), 2019-08-28
- Restructuring of documentation.
- Added copy of `\tex_scantokens:`.

v1.1 (ctan), 2019-08-12
- Extension of documentation.
- Replace `\tex_endinput:D` by `\file_input_stop:`.

v1.0 (ctan), 2019-07-30
- First public release.

10 Index of Documentation

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described.

11 References

[1] The LaTeX Project. “The expl3 package”. Available from CTAN, https://www.ctan.org/pkg/expl3, 2023.

[2] The LaTeX Project. “The xparse package”. Available from CTAN, https://www.ctan.org/pkg/xparse, 2023.

[3] The LaTeX Project. “The l3keys2e package”. Available from CTAN, https://www.ctan.org/pkg/l3keys2e, 2022.

[4] Wright, Joseph. “Programming key–value in expl3”. Available from TUGboat, https://www.tug.org/TUGboat/tb31-1/tb97wright-l3keys.pdf, 2010.

12 Implementation

The most recent publicly released version of SCONTENTS is available at CTAN: https://www.ctan.org/pkg/scontents. Historical and developmental versions are available at https://github.com/pablgonz/scontents. While general feedback via email is welcomed, specific bugs or feature requests should be reported through the issue tracker: https://github.com/pablgonz/scontents/issues.

12.1 Declaration of the package

First we set up the module name for l3doc:

```
⟨@@=scontents⟩
```

Now we define some common macros to hold the package date and version:

```
⟨loader⟩\def\ScontentsFileDate{2025-04-23}%
⟨core⟩\def\ScontentsCoreFileDate{2025-04-23}%
⟨*loader⟩
\def\ScontentsFileVersion{2.3}%
\def\ScontentsFileDescription{Stores LaTeX contents in memory or files}%
```

The LaTeX loader is quite simple, we just need to make sure of the minimum version for correct operation and then set interfaces up. The choice of LaTeX release 2024-11-01 is the latest available in TeX Live 2024 (frozen) and is necessary to be able to implement the package's full compatibility with *tagged* PDF.

```
⟨*latex⟩
\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2024-11-01]
\ProvidesExplPackage
  {scontents} {\ScontentsFileDate} {\ScontentsFileVersion} {\ScontentsFileDescription}
⟨/latex⟩
```

The plain TeX and ConTeXt loaders are similar (probably because I don't know how to make a proper ConTeXt module :-). We define a LaTeX-style `\ver@scontents.sty` macro with version info (just in case) and add `\ExplSyntaxOn` to be able to load xparse later.

```
⟨*!latex⟩
⟨context⟩\writestatus{loading}{User Module scontents v\ScontentsFileVersion}
⟨context⟩\unprotect
\input expl3-generic.tex
\ExplSyntaxOn
\tl_gset:ce { ver @ scontents . sty } { \ScontentsFileDate\space
  v\ScontentsFileVersion\space \ScontentsFileDescription }
\iow_log:e { Package: ~ scontents ~ \use:c { ver @ scontents . sty } }
⟨/!latex⟩
```

In plain TeX, check that the package isn't being loaded twice (LaTeX and ConTeXt already defend against that):

```
⟨*plain⟩
\msg_set:nnn { scontents } { already-loaded }
  { The~'scontents'~package~is~already~loaded.~Aborting~input~\msg_line_context:. }
\cs_if_exist:NT \__scontents_rescan_tokens:n
  {
    \msg_warning:nn { scontents } { already-loaded }
    \ExplSyntaxOff
    \file_input_stop:
  }
⟨/plain⟩
```

12.2 Definition of variables by format

We define and set variables that must be handled separately in order to work properly with plain TeX, ConTeXt and LaTeX.

`\g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl` A global token list `\g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl` match when ending `verbatimsc` environment.

```
\tl_new:N \g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl
\tl_gset_rescan:Nnn \g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl
  {
    \char_set_catcode_other:N \\
⟨*latex⟩
    \char_set_catcode_other:N \{
    \char_set_catcode_other:N \}
⟨/latex⟩
```

```
  }
⟨latex⟩  { \end{verbatimsc} }
⟨plain⟩  { \endverbatimsc }
⟨context⟩  { \stopverbatimsc }
```

(*End of definition for* `\g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl`.)

`\c__scontents_end_env_tl` `\l__scontents_env_name_tl`

A token list `\c__scontents_end_env_tl` match when ending environments defined by `\newenvsc`, `\l__scontents_env_name_tl` storing the name of environments defined by `\newenvsc`.

```
\tl_new:N \l__scontents_env_name_tl
\tl_const:Ne \c__scontents_end_env_tl
  {
    \c_backslash_str
⟨latex|plain⟩    end
⟨context⟩    stop
⟨latex⟩    \c_left_brace_str
      \exp_not:N \l__scontents_env_name_tl
⟨latex⟩    \c_right_brace_str
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\c__scontents_end_env_tl` *and* `\l__scontents_env_name_tl`.)

Now we load the core SCONTENTS code:

```
\file_input:n { scontents-code.tex }
```

`\__scontents_format_case:nnn`

Sometimes we need to detect the format from within a macro:

```
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_format_case:nnn #1 #2 #3
⟨latex⟩  {#1} % LaTeX
⟨plain⟩  {#2} % Plain/Generic
⟨context⟩  {#3} % ConTeXt
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_format_case:nnn`.)

Checking that the package was loaded with the proper loader code. This code was copied from `expl3-code.tex`.

```
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\begingroup
  \catcode32=10
  \endlinechar=32
  \def\next{\endgroup}%
  \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageError\endcsname\relax
    \begingroup
      \def\next{\endgroup\endgroup}%
      \def\PackageError#1#2#3%
        {%
          \endgroup
          \errhelp{#3}%
          \errmessage{#1 Error: #2!}%
        }%
  \fi
  \expandafter\ifx\csname ScontentsFileDate\endcsname\relax
    \def\next
      {%
        \PackageError{scontents}{No scontents loader detected}
          {%
            You have attempted to use the scontents code directly rather than using
            the correct loader. Loading of scontents will abort.
          }%
        \endgroup
        \endinput
      }%
  \else
    \ifx\ScontentsFileDate\ScontentsCoreFileDate
    \else
      \def\next
        {%
          \PackageError{scontents}{Mismatched scontents files detected}
            {%
```

```
92                You have attempted to load scontents with mismatched files:
93                probably you have one or more files 'locally installed' which
94                are in conflict. Loading of scontents will abort.
95              }%
96            \endgroup
97            \endinput
98          }%
99      \fi
100   \fi
101 \next
```

12.3 Definition of temporary variables

\l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl
\l__scontents_temp_tl
\g__scontents_temp_tl
\l__scontents_tmpa_int
\l__scontents_temp_bool

The token list \l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl is a temporary token list to hold the contents of the macro/environment. \l__scontents_temp_tl, \g__scontents_temp_tl, \l__scontents_tmpa_int and \l__scontents_temp_bool are generic temporary vars.

```
102 \tl_new:N \l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl
103 \tl_new:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
104 \tl_new:N \g__scontents_temp_tl
105 \int_new:N \l__scontents_tmpa_int
106 \bool_new:N \l__scontents_temp_bool
```

(*End of definition for* \l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl *and others.*)

\l__scontents_keys_tl

Stores unused ⟨*keys*⟩ to be forwarded to other commands.

```
107 \tl_new:N \l__scontents_keys_tl
```

(*End of definition for* \l__scontents_keys_tl.)

12.4 Compatibility layer with plain TEX and ConTEXt

When loading the package outside of LATEX we can't usually use xparse. However since xparse now ltcmd is part of the LATEX kernel is loadable in any format.

```
108 ⟨/core⟩
109 ⟨*loader&!latex⟩
110 \int_set:Nn \l__scontents_tmpa_int { \char_value_catcode:n { `\@ } }
111 \char_set_catcode_letter:N \@
112 \file_input:n { xparse-generic.tex }
113 \char_set_catcode:nn { `\@ } { \l__scontents_tmpa_int }
114 ⟨/loader&!latex⟩
115 ⟨*core⟩
```

12.5 Definition of keys for the package

We create some common ⟨*keys*⟩ that will be used by the options passed to the package as well as by the environments and commands defined.

```
116 \keys_define:nn { scontents }
117   {
118     store-env .tl_set:N         = \l__scontents_name_seq_env_tl,
119     store-env .initial:n        = contents,
120     store-env .value_required:n = true,
121     store-cmd .tl_set:N         = \l__scontents_name_seq_cmd_tl,
122     store-cmd .initial:n        = contents,
123     store-cmd .value_required:n = true,
124     verb-font .tl_set:N         = \l__scontents_verb_font_tl,
125     verb-font .value_required:n = true,
126     print-env .bool_set:N       = \l__scontents_print_env_bool,
127     print-env .initial:n        = false,
128     print-env .default:n        = true,
129     print-cmd .bool_set:N       = \l__scontents_print_cmd_bool,
130     print-cmd .initial:n        = false,
131     print-cmd .default:n        = true,
132     force-eol .bool_set:N       = \l__scontents_forced_eol_bool,
133     force-eol .initial:n        = false,
134     force-eol .default:n        = true,
135     overwrite .bool_set:N       = \l__scontents_overwrite_bool,
136     overwrite .initial:n        = false,
137     overwrite .default:n        = true,
```

```
    width-tab .int_set:N        = \l__scontents_tab_width_int,
    width-tab .initial:n        = 1,
    width-tab .value_required:n = true,
    print-all .meta:n           = { print-env = #1 , print-cmd = #1 },
    print-all .default:n        = true,
    store-all .meta:n           = { store-env = #1 , store-cmd = #1 },
    store-all .value_required:n = true
  }
⟨/core⟩
⟨loader⟩\keys_define:nn { scontents }
⟨latex⟩  { verb-font .initial:n = \ttfamily }
⟨plain|context⟩  { verb-font .initial:n = \tt }
```

In LaTeX mode process the ⟨*keys*⟩ as options passed on to the package and will return an error when they are.

```
⟨*latex⟩
\ProcessKeyOptions [ scontents ]
⟨/latex⟩
⟨*core⟩
```

12.6 Internal variables and utility functions

\l__scontents_fname_out_tl
\l__scontents_every_line_env_tl
\l__scontents_file_iow

The token list `\l__scontents_fname_out_tl` is used for store the name of the ⟨*output file*⟩, when there's one. Its value is set by the keys `write-env`, `write-out` and `write-cmd`.

The token list `\l__scontents_every_line_env_tl` holds the contents of an environment, `scontents` by default, as it's being read. `\l__scontents_file_iow` is an output stream for saving the contents of an environment (or command) to a file.

This variables is used by the function `\__scontents_file_tl_write_start:n` (see 12.10.5).

```
\tl_new:N \l__scontents_fname_out_tl
\tl_new:N \l__scontents_every_line_env_tl
\iow_new:N \l__scontents_file_iow
```

(*End of definition for* `\l__scontents_fname_out_tl`, `\l__scontents_every_line_env_tl`, *and* `\l__scontents_file_iow`.)

\l__scontents_foreach_name_seq_tl
\l__scontents_foreach_before_tl
\l__scontents_foreach_after_tl

`\l__scontents_foreach_name_seq_tl` is the name assigned to the sequence on which the loop will be made, `\l__scontents_foreach_before_tl` and `\l__scontents_foreach_after_tl` are token lists in which the assigned material will be placed before and after the execution of the `\foreachsc` loop.

```
\tl_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_name_seq_tl
\tl_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_before_tl
\tl_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_after_tl
```

(*End of definition for* `\l__scontents_foreach_name_seq_tl`, `\l__scontents_foreach_before_tl`, *and* `\l__scontents_foreach_after_tl`.)

\l__scontents_env_nesting_int
\l__scontents_foreach_stop_int

`\l__scontents_seq_item_seq` stores the indexes in the sequence of the items requested to `\typestored` or `\meaningsc`. `\l__scontents_env_nesting_int` stores the current nesting level of the `scontents` environment. `\l__scontents_foreach_stop_int` will save the value at which the `\foreachsc` loop will stop.

```
\int_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_stop_int
\seq_new:N \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
\int_new:N \l__scontents_env_nesting_int
```

(*End of definition for* `\l__scontents_env_nesting_int` *and* `\l__scontents_foreach_stop_int`.)

\l__scontents_writing_bool
\l__scontents_storing_bool
\l__scontents_writable_bool

The boolean `\l__scontents_writing_bool` keeps track of whether we should write to a file, and `\l__scontents_storing_bool` determines whether it is in write-only mode when the key `write-out` is used.

```
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_writing_bool
\bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_writing_bool
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_storing_bool
\bool_set_true:N  \l__scontents_storing_bool
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_writable_bool
```

(*End of definition for* `\l__scontents_writing_bool`, `\l__scontents_storing_bool`, *and* `\l__scontents_writable_bool`.)

\l__scontents_foreach_before_bool
\l__scontents_foreach_after_bool
\l__scontents_foreach_stop_bool
\l__scontents_foreach_wrapper_bool

Boolean variables used by the \foreachsc loop.

```
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_before_bool
\bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_foreach_before_bool
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_after_bool
\bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_foreach_after_bool
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_stop_bool
\bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_foreach_stop_bool
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_wrapper_bool
\bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_foreach_wrapper_bool
```

(*End of definition for* \l__scontents_foreach_before_bool *and others.*)

\l__scontents_foreach_print_seq

The \l__scontents_foreach_print_seq is the sequence used by \foreachsc.

```
\seq_new:N \l__scontents_foreach_print_seq
\seq_new:c { g__scontents_name_sc!internal_seq }
```

(*End of definition for* \l__scontents_foreach_print_seq.)

\c__scontents_hidden_space_str

\c__scontents_hidden_space_str is a constant *string* to used to hide the ⟨*forced space*⟩ added by TEX when recording content in a macro. This *string* contains the *reserved phrase* "%^^Ascheol%" which is added to the end of the argument stored in seq when the key force-eol is false.

```
\str_const:Ne \c__scontents_hidden_space_str
  { \c_percent_str \c_circumflex_str \c_circumflex_str A scheol \c_percent_str }
```

(*End of definition for* \c__scontents_hidden_space_str.)

\q__scontents_stop
\q__scontents_mark

Some quarks used along the code as macro delimiters.

```
\quark_new:N \q__scontents_stop
\quark_new:N \q__scontents_mark
```

(*End of definition for* \q__scontents_stop *and* \q__scontents_mark.)

\s__scontents_stop
\s__scontents_mark

```
\scan_new:N \s__scontents_stop
\scan_new:N \s__scontents_mark
```

(*End of definition for* \s__scontents_stop *and* \s__scontents_mark.)

\l__scontents_cur_seq_name_str

```
\str_new:N \l__scontents_cur_seq_name_str
```

(*End of definition for* \l__scontents_cur_seq_name_str.)

__scontents_use_i_delimit_by_s_stop:nw
__scontents_use_none_delimit_by_s_stop:w

```
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_use_delimit_by_s_stop:nw #1 \s__scontents_stop {#1}
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_use_i_delimit_by_s_stop:nw #1 #2 \s__scontents_stop {#1}
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_use_none_delimit_by_s_stop:w #1 \s__scontents_stop { }
```

(*End of definition for* __scontents_use_i_delimit_by_s_stop:nw *and* __scontents_use_none_delimit_by_s_stop:w.)

\l__scontents_save_sf_int
\l__scontents_save_skip

Internal variables used by functions __scontents_bsphack: and __scontents_esphack:.

```
\int_new:N \l__scontents_save_sf_int
\skip_new:N \l__scontents_save_skip
```

(*End of definition for* \l__scontents_save_sf_int *and* \l__scontents_save_skip.)

__scontents_rescan_tokens:n
__scontents_rescan_tokens:x
__scontents_rescan_tokens:V

The function \tl_rescan:nn provided by expl3 doesn't fit the needs of this package because it does not allow catcode changes inside the argument, so verbatim commands used inside one of SCONTENTS's commands/environments will not work. Here we create a private copy of \tex_scantokens:D which will serve our purposes. See the answer by Ulrich Diez in How do use {<setup>} in \tl_set_rescan:Nnn to replace \scantokens?

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_rescan_tokens:n #1 { \tex_scantokens:D {#1} }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_rescan_tokens:n { V, x }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_rescan_tokens:n`.)

`\__scontents_tab:`
`\__scontents_par:`

Control sequences to replace tab (`^^I`) and form feed (`^^L`) characters.

```
\cs_new:Npe \__scontents_tab: { \c_space_tl }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_par: { ^^J ^^J }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_tab:` *and* `\__scontents_par:`.)

`\tl_if_empty:fTF`

Some nonstandard kernel variant.

```
\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \tl_if_empty:n { f } { p, TF }
```

(*End of definition for* `\tl_if_empty:fTF`.)

12.7 Defining keys for the environment and commands

We add the ⟨*keys*⟩ divided into subgroups to handle errors and *unknown* ⟨*keys*⟩ separately.

12.7.1 Keys for environment scontents

We define a set of ⟨*keys*⟩ for environment `scontents`.

```
\keys_define:nn { scontents / scontents }
  {
    write-env .code:n           = {
                                    \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_writing_bool
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_fname_out_tl {#1}
                                  },
    write-out .code:n           = {
                                    \bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_storing_bool
                                    \bool_set_true:N  \l__scontents_writing_bool
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_fname_out_tl {#1}
                                  },
    write-env .value_required:n = true,
    write-out .value_required:n = true,
    print-env .meta:nn          = { scontents } { print-env = #1 },
    print-env .default:n        = true,
    store-env .meta:nn          = { scontents } { store-env = #1 },
    force-eol .meta:nn          = { scontents } { force-eol = #1 },
    force-eol .default:n        = true,
    overwrite .meta:nn          = { scontents } { overwrite = #1 },
    overwrite .default:n        = true,
    unknown   .code:n           = { \__scontents_parse_environment_keys:n {#1} }
  }
```

12.7.2 Keys for command \Scontents

We define a set of ⟨*keys*⟩ for commands `\Scontents` and `\Scontents*`.

```
\keys_define:nn { scontents / Scontents }
  {
    write-cmd .code:n           = {
                                    \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_writing_bool
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_fname_out_tl {#1}
                                  },
    write-out .code:n           = {
                                    \bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_storing_bool
                                    \bool_set_true:N  \l__scontents_writing_bool
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_fname_out_tl {#1}
                                  },
    write-cmd .value_required:n = true,
    write-out .value_required:n = true,
    print-cmd .meta:nn          = { scontents } { print-cmd = #1 },
    print-cmd .default:n        = true,
    store-cmd .meta:nn          = { scontents } { store-cmd = #1 },
    force-eol .meta:nn          = { scontents } { force-eol = #1 },
    force-eol .default:n        = true,
    overwrite .meta:nn          = { scontents } { overwrite = #1 },
    overwrite .default:n        = true,
    unknown   .code:n           = { \__scontents_parse_command_keys:n {#1} }
  }
```

12.7.3 Keys for command \foreachsc

We define a set of ⟨*keys*⟩ for command \foreachsc.

```
\keys_define:nn { scontents / foreachsc }
  {
    before  .code:n           = {
                                  \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_foreach_before_bool
                                  \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_foreach_before_tl {#1}
                                },
    before  .value_required:n = true,
    after   .code:n           = {
                                  \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_foreach_after_bool
                                  \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_foreach_after_tl {#1}
                                },
    after   .value_required:n = true,
    start   .int_set:N        = \l__scontents_foreach_start_int,
    start   .value_required:n = true,
    start   .initial:n        = 1,
    stop    .code:n           = {
                                  \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_foreach_stop_bool
                                  \int_set:Nn \l__scontents_foreach_stop_int {#1}
                                 },
    stop    .value_required:n = true,
    step    .int_set:N        = \l__scontents_foreach_step_int,
    step    .value_required:n = true,
    step    .initial:n        = 1,
    wrapper .code:n           = {
                                  \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_foreach_wrapper_bool
                                  \cs_set_protected:Npn
                                  \__scontents_foreach_wrapper:n ##1 {#1}
                                },
    wrapper .value_required:n = true,
    sep     .tl_set:N         = \l__scontents_foreach_sep_tl,
    sep     .initial:n        = {},
    sep     .value_required:n = true,
    unknown .code:n           = { \__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:n {#1} }
  }
```

12.7.4 Key for commands \typestored and \meaningsc

We define a ⟨*key*⟩ for command \typestored and \meaningsc. Both commands accept the same type of optional arguments, just define a common ⟨*key*⟩.

```
\bool_new:N \l__scontents_print_aux_bool
\bool_set_true:N  \l__scontents_print_aux_bool
\keys_define:nn { scontents / typemeaning }
  {
    width-tab .meta:nn   = { scontents } { width-tab = #1 },
    write-out .code:n    = {
                             \bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_storing_bool
                             \bool_set_true:N  \l__scontents_writing_bool
                             \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_fname_out_tl {#1}
                           },
    overwrite .meta:nn   = { scontents } { overwrite = #1 },
    overwrite .default:n = true,
    unknown   .code:n    = { \__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:n {#1} }
  }
```

12.8 Handling undefined keys

The ⟨*keys*⟩ are stored in the string variable \l_keys_key_str, and the value (if any) is passed as an argument to each ⟨*function*⟩.

12.8.1 Undefined keys for environment scontents

__scontents_parse_environment_keys:n
__scontents_parse_environment_keys:nn

We check the ⟨*keys*⟩ passed to the environment scontents and process it with __scontents_parse_environment_keys:n if the ⟨*key*⟩ is *unknown* we return an error message.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_environment_keys:n #1
  { \exp_args:NV \__scontents_parse_environment_keys:nn \l_keys_key_str {#1} }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_environment_keys:nn #1#2
  {
```

```
    \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2}
      { \msg_error:nnn { scontents } { env-key-unknown } {#1} }
      { \msg_error:nnnn { scontents } { env-key-value-unknown } {#1} {#2} }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_parse_environment_keys:n` *and* `\__scontents_parse_environment_keys:nn`.)

12.8.2 Undefined keys for `\Scontents` and `\Scontents*`

`\__scontents_parse_command_keys:n`
`\__scontents_parse_command_keys:nn`

We check the ⟨*keys*⟩ passed to commands `\Scontents` or `\Scontents*` and process it with `\__scontents_parse_command_keys:n` if the ⟨*key*⟩ is *unknown* we return an error message.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_command_keys:n #1
  { \exp_args:NV \__scontents_parse_command_keys:nn \l_keys_key_str {#1} }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_command_keys:nn #1#2
  {
    \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2}
      { \msg_error:nnn { scontents } { cmd-key-unknown } {#1} }
      { \msg_error:nnnn { scontents } { cmd-key-value-unknown } {#1} {#2} }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_parse_command_keys:n` *and* `\__scontents_parse_command_keys:nn`.)

12.8.3 Undefined keys for `\foreachsc`

`\__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:n`
`\__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:nn`

We check the ⟨*keys*⟩ passed to command `\foreachsc` and process it with `\__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:n`, if the ⟨*key*⟩ is *unknown* we return an error message.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:nn #1#2
  {
    \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2}
      { \msg_error:nnn { scontents } { for-key-unknown } {#1} }
      { \msg_error:nnnn { scontents } { for-key-value-unknown } {#1} {#2} }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:n #1
  { \exp_args:NV \__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:nn \l_keys_key_str {#1} }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:n` *and* `\__scontents_parse_foreach_keys:nn`.)

12.8.4 Undefined keys for `\typestored` and `\meaningsc`

`\__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:n`
`\__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:nn`

The commands `\typestored` and `\meaningsc` accept an optional argument for setting the `width-tab` to print the stored contents. However their optional argument also contains the number of the item to retrieve from the stored sequence. To avoid the awkward `\typestored[][`⟨*options*⟩`]{...}` syntax, we'll make the commands have a single optional argument which is processed by l3keys, and the unknown keys are brought here to `\__scontents_parse_typemeaning_key:n` to process.

First we check if the ⟨*key*⟩ is an integer using `\int_to_roman:n`. If it is, we check that the value passed to the key is blank (otherwise something odd as `1=1` might have been used). If everything is correct, then set the value of the integer which holds the ⟨*index*⟩. Otherwise raise an error about an *unknown* option.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:n #1
  { \exp_args:NV \__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:nn \l_keys_key_str {#1} }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:nn #1#2
  {
    \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2}
      { \__scontents_parse_type_meaning_range:w #1 - \q__scontents_mark - \s__scontents_mark }
      { \msg_error:nnnn { scontents } { type-key-value-unknown } {#1} {#2} }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_type_meaning_range:w #1 - #2 - #3 \s__scontents_mark
  {
    \__scontents_range_parser:nnxn {#1} {#2}
      { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_\l__scontents_cur_seq_name_str _seq } }
      { \msg_error:nnn { scontents } { type-key-unknown } }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_range_parser:nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4
  {
    \exp_args:Nxx \__scontents_range_parser_aux:nnn
      { \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} { end } {#3} { \exp_not:n {#1} } }
      { \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { end } {#3} { \exp_not:n {#2} } }
      { #4 }
  }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_range_parser:nnnn { nnxn }
```

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_range_parser_aux:nnn #1 #2 #3
  {
    \__scontents_tl_if_head_is_q_mark:nTF {#2}
      {
        \tl_if_empty:fTF { \int_to_roman:n { -0 #1 } }
          { \seq_put_right:Ne \l__scontents_seq_item_seq { \int_eval:n {#1} } }
          { #3 {#1} }
      }
      {
        \bool_lazy_and:nnTF
            { \tl_if_empty_p:f { \int_to_roman:n { -0 #1 } } }
            { \tl_if_empty_p:f { \int_to_roman:n { -0 #2 } } }
          {
            \int_compare:nNnTF {#2} > {#1}
              { \int_step_inline:nnnn {#1} { 1 } {#2} }
              { \int_step_inline:nnnn {#1} { -1 } {#2} }
                { \seq_put_right:Nn \l__scontents_seq_item_seq {##1} }
          }
          { #3 { #1-#2 } }
      }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:n` *and* `\__scontents_parse_type_meaning_key:nn`.)

12.9 Programming of the sequences

The storage of the package is done using `seq` variables. Here we set up the macros that will manage the variables.

`\__scontents_append_contents:nn`
`\__scontents_append_contents:Vx`

The function `\__scontents_append_contents:nn` creates a `seq` variable if one didn't exist and appends the contents in the argument to the right of the sequence.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_append_contents:nn #1#2
  {
    \tl_if_blank:nT {#1}
      { \msg_error:nn { scontents } { empty-store-cmd } }
    \seq_if_exist:cF { g__scontents_name_#1_seq }
      { \seq_new:c { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } }
    \seq_gput_right:cn { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } {#2}
  }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_append_contents:nn { Vx }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_append_contents:nn`.)

`\__scontents_getfrom_seq:nn`
`\__scontents_getfrom_seq:Nn`
`\__scontents_getfrom_seq:nnn`

The function `\__scontents_getfrom_seq:nn` retrieves the saved item from the sequence.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_getfrom_seq:Nn #1#2
  {
    \seq_if_exist:cTF { g__scontents_name_#2_seq }
      {
        \exp_args:Nf \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nNn
          { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#2_seq } } #1 {#2}
      }
      { \msg_expandable_error:nnn { scontents } { undefined-storage } {#2} }
  }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nNn #1 #2 #3
  { \seq_map_tokens:Nn #2 { \__scontents_getfrom_seq_aux:nnn {#1} {#3} } }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_getfrom_seq_aux:nnn #1 #2 #3
  { \exp_args:Nnf \use:n { \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nnn {#1} } { \int_eval:n {#3} } {#2} }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nn #1#2
  {
    \seq_if_exist:cTF { g__scontents_name_#2_seq }
      {
        \exp_args:Nf \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nnn
          { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#2_seq } }
          {#1} {#2}
      }
      { \msg_expandable_error:nnn { scontents } { undefined-storage } {#2} }
  }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nnn #1#2#3
  {
```

```
    \bool_lazy_or:nnTF
      { \int_compare_p:nNn {#2} = { 0 } }
      { \int_compare_p:nNn { \int_abs:n {#2} } > {#1} }
      { \msg_expandable_error:nnnnn { scontents } { index-out-of-range } {#2} {#3} {#1} }
      { \seq_item:cn { g__scontents_name_#3_seq } {#2} }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_getfrom_seq:nn`, `\__scontents_getfrom_seq:Nn`, *and* `\__scontents_getfrom_seq:nnn`.)

`\__scontents_lastfrom_seq:n`
`\__scontents_lastfrom_seq:V`

The function `\__scontents_lastfrom_seq:n` retrieves the last saved item from the sequence when `\l__scontents_print_env_bool` or `\l__scontents_print_cmd_bool` is true.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_lastfrom_seq:n #1
  {
    \tl_gset:Ne \g__scontents_temp_tl { \seq_item:cn { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } {-1} }
    \group_insert_after:N \__scontents_rescan_tokens:V
    \group_insert_after:N \g__scontents_temp_tl
    \group_insert_after:N \tl_gclear:N
    \group_insert_after:N \g__scontents_temp_tl
  }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_lastfrom_seq:n { V }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_lastfrom_seq:n`.)

`\__scontents_store_to_seq:NN`

The function `\__scontents_store_to_seq:NN` writes the recorded contents in `#1` to the log and stores it in `#2`.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_store_to_seq:NN #1#2
  {
    \tl_log:N #1
    \__scontents_append_contents:Vx #2 { \exp_not:V #1 }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_store_to_seq:NN`.)

12.10 The command `\newenvsc` and environment `scontents`

In order to be able to define environments that behave similarly to `scontents`, we define a generic environment and make all other environment as wrappers around that one.

12.10.1 The command `\newenvsc`

`\newenvsc`
`\__scontents_env_setting:nn`
`\__scontents_env_define:nnn`

The internal function `\__scontents_env_setting:nn` defines two functions `\__scontents_#1_env_begin:` and `\__scontents_#1_env_end:`, which set the current environment's name in `#1` and `\l__scontents_env_name_tl` and default properties in `#2` then call `\__scontents_setup_verb_processor:`, the generic `\__scontents_env_generic_begin:` and `\__scontents_env_generic_end:`. Finally the function `\__scontents_env_define:nnn` will create the environments.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_env_setting:nn #1 #2
  {
    \cs_new_protected:cpn { __scontents_#1_env_begin: }
      {
        \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_env_name_tl {#1}
        \keys_set:nn { scontents } {#2}
        \__scontents_setup_verb_processor:
        \__scontents_env_generic_begin:
      }
    \cs_new_protected:cpn { __scontents_#1_env_end: }
      { \__scontents_env_generic_end: }
    \exp_args:Nooo % http://nooooooooooooooo.com :) jeje
    \__scontents_env_define:nnn { \tl_to_str:n {#1} }
      { \cs:w __scontents_#1_env_begin: \cs_end: }
      { \cs:w __scontents_#1_env_end: \cs_end: }
  }
⟨/core⟩
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \newenvsc { m O{} }
  {
⟨latex|plain⟩     \cs_if_exist:cTF { #1 }
⟨context⟩     \cs_if_exist:cTF { start #1 }
      { \msg_error:nnn { scontents } { env-already-defined } {#1} }
```

```
      { \__scontents_env_setting:nn {#1} {#2} }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_env_define:nnn #1 #2 #3
  {
⟨latex|plain⟩    \NewDocumentEnvironment {#1} { }
⟨context⟩    \cs_new_protected:cpn { start #1 }
      {
⟨!latex⟩        \group_begin:
          #2
      }
⟨context⟩    \cs_new_protected:cpn { stop #1 }
      {
          #3
⟨!latex⟩        \group_end:
      }
  }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\newenvsc`, `\__scontents_env_setting:nn`, *and* `\__scontents_env_define:nnn`. *This function is documented on page 5.*)

12.10.2 Generic definition of the environment

`\__scontents_env_generic_begin:`
`\__scontents_env_generic_end:`

Now we define the generic environment functions `\__scontents_env_generic_begin:` and `\__scontents_env_generic_end:`.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_env_generic_begin:
  {
    \char_set_catcode_active:N \^^M
    \__scontents_start_environment:w
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_env_generic_end:
  {
    \__scontents_stop_environment:
    \__scontents_finish_storing:NNN \l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl
    \l__scontents_name_seq_env_tl \l__scontents_print_env_bool
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_env_generic_begin:` *and* `\__scontents_env_generic_end:`.)

12.10.3 Definition of the environment `scontents`

`scontents`
`\scontents`
`\endscontents`
`\startscontents`
`\stopscontents`

Finally defining the `scontents` environment should be easy :)

```
⟨/core⟩
⟨loader⟩\newenvsc{scontents}
⟨*core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `scontents` *and others. These functions are documented on page 4.*)

12.10.4 key val for environment

`\__scontents_grab_optional:n`
`\__scontents_grab_optional:w`

The macro `\__scontents_grab_optional:w` is called from the `scontents` environment with the tokens following the `\begin{scontents}` when the next character is a `[`. This function is defined using xparse to exploit its delimited argument processor.

The function is called from a context where `^^M` is active, so `\__scontents_normalise_line_ends:N` is used to replace active `^^M` characters by spaces.

```
⟨/core⟩
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \__scontents_grab_optional:w { r[] }
  { \__scontents_grab_optional:n {#1} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_grab_optional:n #1
  {
    \tl_if_novalue:nF {#1}
      {
        \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_temp_tl {#1}
        \__scontents_normalise_line_ends:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
        \keys_set:nV { scontents / scontents } \l__scontents_temp_tl
      }
```

```
    \__scontents_start_after_option:w
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_grab_optional:n` *and* `\__scontents_grab_optional:w`.)

12.10.5 The environment itself

`\__scontents_start_environment:w`
`\__scontents_start_after_option:w`
`\__scontents_check_line_process:xn`
`\__scontents_stop_environment:`

Here we make `^^I`, `^^L` and `^^M` active characters so that the end of line can be "seen" to be used as a delimiter, and TEX doesn't try to eliminate space-like characters.

First we check if the immediate next token after `\begin{scontents}` is a `[`. If it is, then `\__scontents_grab_optional:w` is called to do the heavy lifting. `\__scontents_grab_optional:w` processes the optional argument and calls `\__scontents_start_after_option:w`.

The function `\__scontents_start_after_option:w` also checks for trailing tokens after the optional argument and issues an error if any.

In all cases, the function `\__scontents_check_line_process:xn` checks that everything past `\begin{scontents}` is empty and then process the environment.

The function `\__scontents_check_line_process:xn` calls the function `\__scontents_file_tl_write_start:V` which will then read the contents of the environment and optionally store them in a token list or write to an external file.

When that's done, the function `\__scontents_file_write_stop:N` does the cleanup. This part of the code is inspired and adapted from the code of the package xsimverb by Clemens Niederberger.

```
\group_begin:
  \char_set_catcode_active:N \^^I
  \char_set_catcode_active:N \^^L
  \char_set_catcode_active:N \^^M
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_normalise_line_ends:N #1
    { \tl_replace_all:Nnn #1 { ^^M } { ~ } }
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_start_environment:w #1 ^^M
    {
      \tl_if_head_is_N_type:nTF {#1}
        {
          \str_if_eq:eeTF { \tl_head:n {#1} } { [ }
            { \__scontents_grab_optional:w #1 ^^M }
            { \__scontents_check_line_process:xn { } {#1} }
        }
        { \__scontents_check_line_process:xn { } {#1} }
    }
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_start_after_option:w #1 ^^M
    { \__scontents_check_line_process:xn { [...] } {#1} }
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_check_line_process:xn #1 #2
    {
      \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
        {
          \msg_error:nnxn { scontents } { junk-after-begin }
            { after~\c_backslash_str begin { \l__scontents_env_name_tl } #1 } {#2}
        }
      \__scontents_make_control_chars_active:
      \__scontents_file_tl_write_start:V \l__scontents_fname_out_tl
    }
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_stop_environment:
    {
      \__scontents_file_write_stop:N \l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl
      \bool_lazy_and:nnT
        { \l__scontents_storing_bool }
        { \tl_if_empty_p:N \l__scontents_macro_tmp_tl }
        {
          \msg_warning:nnx { scontents } { empty-environment } { \l__scontents_env_name_tl }
        }
    }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_start_environment:w` *and others.*)

`\__scontents_file_tl_write_start:n`
`\__scontents_file_tl_write_start:V`
`\__scontents_verb_processor_iterate:w`
`\__scontents_verb_processor_iterate:nnn`
`\__scontents_setup_verb_processor:`
`\__scontents_file_write_stop:N`
`\__scontents_remove_leading_nl:n`

This is the main macro to collect the contents of a verbatim environment. The macro starts a group, opens the ⟨*output file*⟩, if necessary, sets verbatim catcodes, and then issues `^^M` (set equal to `\__scontents_ret:w`) to read the environment line by line until reaching its end. The output token list will be appended with an active `^^J` character and the line just read, and this line is written to the output file, if any. At the end of the environment the ⟨*output file*⟩ is closed (if it was open), and the output token list is smuggled

out of the verbatim group. A leading `^^J` is removed from the token list using `\__scontents_remove_leading_nl:n` (which expects an active `^^J` token at the head of the token list; a low level TEX error is raised otherwise).

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_file_tl_write_start:n #1
  {
    \group_begin:
      \__scontents_file_if_writable:nTF {#1}
        {
          \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_writable_bool
          \iow_open:Nn \l__scontents_file_iow {#1}
        }
        { \bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_writable_bool }
      \tl_clear:N \l__scontents_every_line_env_tl
      \seq_map_function:NN \l_char_special_seq \char_set_catcode_other:N
      \int_step_function:nnnN { 128 } { 1 } { 255 } \char_set_catcode_letter:n
      \cs_set_protected:Npx \__scontents_ret:w ##1 ^^M
        {
          \exp_not:N \__scontents_verb_processor_iterate:w
          ##1 \c__scontents_end_env_tl
              \c__scontents_end_env_tl
              \exp_not:N \q__scontents_stop
        }
      \__scontents_make_control_chars_active:
      \__scontents_ret:w
  }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_setup_verb_processor:
  {
    \use:x
      {
        \cs_set:Npn \exp_not:N \__scontents_verb_processor_iterate:w
          ####1 \c__scontents_end_env_tl
          ####2 \c__scontents_end_env_tl
          ####3 \exp_not:N \q__scontents_stop
      }   { \__scontents_verb_processor_iterate:nnn {##1} {##2} {##3} }
  }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_verb_processor_iterate:nnn #1 #2 #3
  {
    \tl_if_blank:nTF {#3}
      {
        \__scontents_analyse_nesting:n {#1}
        \__scontents_verb_processor_output:n {#1}
      }
      {
        \__scontents_if_nested:TF
          {
            \__scontents_nesting_decr:
            \__scontents_verb_processor_output:x
              { \exp_not:n {#1} \c__scontents_end_env_tl \exp_not:n {#2} }
          }
          {
            \tl_if_blank:nF {#1}
              { \__scontents_verb_processor_output:n {#1} }
            \cs_set_protected:Npx \__scontents_ret:w
              {
                \__scontents_env_end_function:
                \bool_lazy_or:nnF
                  { \tl_if_blank_p:n {#2} }
                  { \str_if_eq_p:ee {#2} { \c_percent_str } }
                  {
                    \str_if_eq:VnF \c__scontents_hidden_space_str {#2}
                      {
                        \msg_warning:nnnn { scontents } { rescanning-text }
                          {#2} { \tl_use:N \l__scontents_env_name_tl }
                      }
                    \__scontents_rescan_tokens:n {#2}
                  }
              }
            \char_set_active_eq:NN ^^M \__scontents_ret:w
          }
      }
```

```
      ^^M
    }
  \cs_new:Npn \__scontents_env_end_function:
    {
      \__scontents_format_case:nnn
        { \exp_not:N \end { \if_false: } \fi: }
        { \exp_after:wN \exp_not:N \cs:w end }
        { \exp_after:wN \exp_not:N \cs:w stop }
      \tl_use:N \l__scontents_env_name_tl
      \__scontents_format_case:nnn
        { \if_false: { \fi: } }
        { \cs_end: }
        { \cs_end: }
    }
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_file_write_stop:N #1
    {
      \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_writable_bool
        { \iow_close:N \l__scontents_file_iow }
      \use:x
        {
          \group_end:
          \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_storing_bool
            {
              \tl_set:Nn \exp_not:N #1
                { \exp_args:NV \__scontents_remove_leading_nl:n \l__scontents_every_line_env_tl }
            }
        }
    }
  \cs_new:Npn \__scontents_remove_leading_nl:n #1
    {
      \tl_if_head_is_N_type:nTF {#1}
        {
          \exp_args:Nf
            \__scontents_remove_leading_nl:nn
              { \tl_head:n {#1} } {#1}
        }
        { \exp_not:n {#1} }
    }
  \cs_new:Npn \__scontents_remove_leading_nl:nn #1 #2
    {
      \token_if_eq_meaning:NNTF ^^J #1
        { \exp_not:o { \__scontents_remove_leading_nl:w #2 } }
        { \exp_not:n {#2} }
    }
  \cs_new:Npn \__scontents_remove_leading_nl:w ^^J { }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_file_tl_write_start:n` *and others.*)

`\__scontents_verb_processor_output:n`
`\__scontents_verb_processor_output:x`

The function `\__scontents_verb_processor_output:n` does the output of each line read, to a token list and to a file, depending on the booleans `\l__scontents_writing_bool` and `\l__scontents_storing_bool`.

```
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_verb_processor_output:n #1
    {
      \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_writable_bool
        { \iow_now:Nn \l__scontents_file_iow {#1} }
      \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_storing_bool
        { \tl_put_right:Nn \l__scontents_every_line_env_tl { ^^J #1 } }
    }
\group_end:
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_verb_processor_output:n { x }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_file_tl_write_start:n { V }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_verb_processor_output:n`.)

`\__scontents_analyse_nesting:n`
`\__scontents_analyse_nesting:w`
`\__scontents_nesting_decr:`
`\__scontents_use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w`
`\__scontents_if_nested:TF`

`\__scontents_analyse_nesting:n` scans nested `\begin{scontents}` and steps a `\l__scontents_env_nesting_int` counter. The `\__scontents_if_nested:` conditional tests if we're in a nested environment, and `\__scontents_nesting_decr:` reduces the nesting level, if an `\end{scontents}` is found.

Multiple `\end{scontents}` in the same line are not supported...

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_analyse_nesting:n #1
  {
    \int_zero:N \l__scontents_tmpa_int
    \__scontents_analyse_nesting_format:n {#1}
    \int_compare:nNnT { \l__scontents_tmpa_int } > { 1 }
      { \msg_warning:nn { scontents } { multiple-begin } }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_nesting_incr:
  {
    \int_incr:N \l__scontents_env_nesting_int
    \int_incr:N \l__scontents_tmpa_int
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_nesting_decr:
  { \int_decr:N \l__scontents_env_nesting_int }
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn \__scontents_if_nested: { TF }
  {
    \int_compare:nNnTF { \l__scontents_env_nesting_int } > { \c_zero_int }
      { \prg_return_true: }
      { \prg_return_false: }
  }
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w #1 \q__scontents_stop { }
```

In LaTeX, environments start with `\begin{«env»}`, so checking if a string contains `\begin{scontents}` is straightforward. Since no `}` can appear inside «env», then just a macro delimited by `}` is enough.

```
\use:x
  {
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \exp_not:N \__scontents_analyse_nesting_latex:w ##1
      \c_backslash_str begin \c_left_brace_str ##2 \c_right_brace_str
  }   {
        \__scontents_tl_if_head_is_q_mark:nTF {#2}
          { \__scontents_use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w }
          {
            \str_if_eq:VnT \l__scontents_env_name_tl {#2}
              { \__scontents_nesting_incr: }
            \__scontents_analyse_nesting_latex:w
          }
      }
\cs_new_protected:Npx \__scontents_analyse_nesting_latex:n #1
  {
    \__scontents_analyse_nesting_latex:w #1
      \c_backslash_str begin
        \c_left_brace_str \exp_not:N \q__scontents_mark \c_right_brace_str
    \exp_not:N \q__scontents_stop
  }
```

In other formats, however, we don't have an "end anchor" to delimit the environment name, so a delimited macro won't help. We have to search for the entire environment command (usually `\scontents` and `\startscontents`).

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic_process:nn #1 #2
  {
    \tl_if_head_is_N_type:nTF {#2}
      {
        \__scontents_tl_if_head_is_q_mark:nF {#2}
          {
            \__scontents_nesting_incr:
            \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:w #2 \q__scontents_stop
          }
      }
      { \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:w #2 \q__scontents_stop }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:nn #1 #2
  {
    \__scontents_define_generic_nesting_function:n {#1}
    \use:e
      {
        \exp_not:N \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:w #2
          \c_backslash_str #1 \tl_use:N \l__scontents_env_name_tl
            \exp_not:N \q__scontents_mark \exp_not:N \q__scontents_stop
      }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_define_generic_nesting_function:n #1
```

```
  {
    \use:x
      {
        \cs_set_protected:Npn \exp_not:N \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:w ####1
          \c_backslash_str #1 \tl_use:N \l__scontents_env_name_tl
            ####2 \exp_not:N \q__scontents_stop
      }   { \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic_process:nn {##1} {##2} }
  }
⟨/core⟩
⟨*loader⟩
⟨latex⟩\cs_new_eq:NN \__scontents_analyse_nesting_format:n
⟨latex⟩  \__scontents_analyse_nesting_latex:n
⟨!latex⟩\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_analyse_nesting_format:n
⟨plain⟩  { \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:nn { } }
⟨context⟩  { \__scontents_analyse_nesting_generic:nn { start } }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_analyse_nesting:n` *and others.*)

12.10.6 Recording of the content in the sequence

`\__scontents_finish_storing:NNN` Finishes the environment by optionally calling `\__scontents_store_to_seq:` and then clearing the temporary token list.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_finish_storing:NNN #1 #2 #3
  {
    \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_storing_bool
      {
        \bool_if:NF \l__scontents_forced_eol_bool
          { \tl_put_right:Ne #1 { \c__scontents_hidden_space_str } }
        \__scontents_store_to_seq:NN #1 #2
        \bool_if:NT #3 { \__scontents_lastfrom_seq:V #2 }
      }
  }
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_finish_storing:NNN`.)

12.11 Code for plain TEX off `verbatimsc`

`\verbatimsc` `\endverbatimsc` `\__scontents_verbatimsc_aux:` `\__scontents_vobeyspaces:` `\__scontents_xverb:` `\__scontents_nolig_list:` `\__scontents_xobeysp:` In plain TEX we emulate LATEX's `verbatim` environment.

```
⟨*plain⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \verbatimsc
  {
    \group_begin:
      \__scontents_verbatimsc_aux: \frenchspacing \__scontents_vobeyspaces:
      \__scontents_xverb:
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \endverbatimsc
  { \group_end: }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_verbatimsc_aux:
  {
    \skip_vertical:N \parskip
    \dim_zero:N \parindent
    \skip_set:Nn \parfillskip { 0pt plus 1fil }
    \skip_set:Nn \parskip { 0pt plus0pt minus0pt }
    \tex_par:D
    \bool_set_false:N \l__scontents_temp_bool
    \cs_set:Npn \par
      {
        \bool_if:NTF \l__scontents_temp_bool
          {
            \mode_leave_vertical:
            \null
            \tex_par:D
            \penalty \interlinepenalty
          }
          {
            \bool_set_true:N \l__scontents_temp_bool
            \mode_if_horizontal:T
```

```
            { \tex_par:D \penalty \interlinepenalty }
        }
    }
  \cs_set_eq:NN \do \char_set_catcode_other:N
  \dospecials \obeylines
  \tl_use:N \l__scontents_verb_font_tl
  \cs_set_eq:NN \do \__scontents_do_noligs:N
  \__scontents_nolig_list:
  \tex_everypar:D \exp_after:wN
    { \tex_the:D \tex_everypar:D \tex_unpenalty:D }
 }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_nolig_list:
 { \do\`\do\<\do\>\do\,\do\'\do\- }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_vobeyspaces:
 { \__scontents_set_active_eq:NN \  \__scontents_xobeysp: }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_xobeysp:
 { \mode_leave_vertical: \nobreak \ }
⟨/plain⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\verbatimsc` *and others.*)

`\dospecials` xparse also requires LaTeX's `\dospecials`. In case it doesn't exist (at the time scontents is loaded) we define `\dospecials` to use the `\l_char_special_seq`.

```
⟨*!latex⟩
\cs_if_exist:NF \dospecials
 {
   \cs_new:Npn \dospecials
     { \seq_map_function:NN \l_char_special_seq \do }
 }
⟨/!latex⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\dospecials`.)

12.12 The command `\Scontents`

User command to ⟨*stored content*⟩, adapted from code by Ulrich Diez in Stringify input - \string on token list and code by user siracusa in Convert a macro from Latex2e to expl3

`\__scontents_bsphack:` `\__scontents_esphack:` We emulate `\@bsphack` and `\@esphack` for plain TeX. This is necessary to prevent unwanted spaces when the `print-cmd` key is false.

```
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_bsphack:
 {
   \scan_stop:
   \mode_if_horizontal:T
     {
       \skip_set_eq:NN \l__scontents_save_skip \tex_lastskip:D
       \int_set_eq:NN \l__scontents_save_sf_int \tex_spacefactor:D
     }
 }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_esphack:
 {
   \scan_stop:
   \mode_if_horizontal:T
     {
       \int_set_eq:NN \tex_spacefactor:D \l__scontents_save_sf_int
       \dim_compare:nNnT { \l__scontents_save_skip } > { \c_zero_skip }
         {
           \skip_if_eq:nnT { \tex_lastskip:D } { \c_zero_skip }
             {
               \nobreak
               \skip_horizontal:n { \c_zero_skip }
             }
           \tex_ignorespaces:D
         }
     }
 }
⟨/core⟩
⟨*latex⟩
\cs_gset_eq:NN \__scontents_bsphack: \@bsphack
```

```
\cs_gset_eq:NN \__scontents_esphack: \@esphack
⟨/latex⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_bsphack:` *and* `\__scontents_esphack:`.)

`\Scontents`
`\__scontents_Scontents_internal:nn`
`\__scontents_norm_arg:n`
`\__scontents_verb_arg:w`

The `\Scontents` command starts by parsing an optional argument to the function `\__scontents_Scontents_internal:nn` then delegates to `\__scontents_verb_arg:w` or `\__scontents_norm_arg:n` depending whether a star (`*`) argument is present.

```
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \Scontents { !s !O{} }
  { \__scontents_Scontents_internal:nn {#1} {#2} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_Scontents_internal:nn #1 #2
  {
    \__scontents_bsphack:
    \group_begin:
      \tl_if_novalue:nF {#2}
        { \keys_set:nn { scontents / Scontents } {#2} }
      \char_set_catcode_active:n { 9 }
      \bool_if:NTF #1
        { \__scontents_verb_arg:w }
        { \__scontents_norm_arg:n }
  }
```

The function `\__scontents_norm_arg:n` grabs a normal argument, adds it to the `seq` variable and optionally prints it.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_norm_arg:n #1
  {
      \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_temp_tl {#1}
      \__scontents_Scontents_finish:
  }
```

The function `\__scontents_verb_arg:w` grabs a verbatim argument using xparse's `+v` argument parser.

```
⟨/core⟩
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \__scontents_verb_arg:w { +v }
  { \__scontents_verb_arg_internal:n {#1} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\Scontents` *and others. This function is documented on page* 5.)

`\__scontents_verb_arg_internal:n`
`\__scontents_Scontents_finish:`
`\__scontents_file_write_cmd:nn`
`\__scontents_file_write_cmd:VV`

The function `\__scontents_verb_arg_internal:n` replace all `\^^M` and `\obeyedline` added by `+v` argument added in LaTeX release 2024-06-01 by `\^^J` then adds it to the `seq` variable. Here we will apply `\RenewDocumentCommand` since `\obeyedline` can be modified by the user and if so the code would return a low-level error.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_verb_arg_internal:n #1
  {
      \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_temp_tl {#1}
      \cs_if_exist:NT \obeyedline
        {
          \RenewDocumentCommand \obeyedline { } { \iow_char:N \^^M }
          \tl_replace_all:Nee \l__scontents_temp_tl { \obeyedline } { \iow_char:N \^^M }
        }
      \tl_replace_all:Nee \l__scontents_temp_tl { \iow_char:N \^^M } { \iow_char:N \^^J }
      \__scontents_Scontents_finish:
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_Scontents_finish:
  {
      \__scontents_file_write_cmd:VV \l__scontents_fname_out_tl \l__scontents_temp_tl
      \__scontents_finish_storing:NNN
        \l__scontents_temp_tl
        \l__scontents_name_seq_cmd_tl
        \l__scontents_print_cmd_bool
      \use:x
        {
    \group_end:
```

```
    \bool_if:NF \l__scontents_print_cmd_bool { \__scontents_esphack: }
        }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_file_write_cmd:nn #1#2
  {
    \__scontents_file_if_writable:nT {#1}
      {
        \iow_open:Nn \l__scontents_file_iow {#1}
        \iow_now:Nn  \l__scontents_file_iow {#2}
        \iow_close:N \l__scontents_file_iow
      }
  }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__scontents_file_write_cmd:nn { VV }
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn \__scontents_file_if_writable:n #1 { T, F, TF }
  {
    \bool_if:NTF \l__scontents_writing_bool
      {
        \file_if_exist:nTF {#1}
          {
            \bool_if:NTF \l__scontents_overwrite_bool
              {
                \msg_warning:nne { scontents } { overwrite-file } {#1}
                \prg_return_true:
              }
              {
                \msg_warning:nne { scontents } { not-writing } {#1}
                \prg_return_false:
              }
          }
          {
            \msg_warning:nne { scontents } { writing-file } {#1}
            \prg_return_true:
          }
      }
      { \prg_return_false: }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_verb_arg_internal:n`, `\__scontents_Scontents_finish:`, *and* `\__scontents_file_write_cmd:nn`.)

12.13 The command \getstored

`\getstored` User command `\getstored` to extract ⟨*stored content*⟩ in seq (robust).

`\__scontents_getstored_internal:nn`

```
⟨/core⟩
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \getstored { O{-1} m }
  { \__scontents_getstored_internal:nn {#1} {#2} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_getstored_internal:nn #1 #2
  {
    \group_begin:
      \int_set:Nn \tex_newlinechar:D { `\^^J }
      \__scontents_rescan_tokens:x
        {
    \endgroup % This assumes \catcode`\\=0... Things might go off otherwise.
    \__scontents_getfrom_seq:nn {#1} {#2}
        }
  }
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\getstored` *and* `\__scontents_getstored_internal:nn`. *This function is documented on page 6.*)

12.14 The command \foreachsc

`\foreachsc` User command `\foreachsc` to loop over ⟨*stored content*⟩ in seq.

`\__scontents_foreachsc_internal:nn`
`\__scontents_foreach_add_body:n`

```
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \foreachsc { o m }
  { \__scontents_foreachsc_internal:nn {#1} {#2} }
⟨/loader⟩
```

```
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_foreachsc_internal:nn #1 #2
  {
    \group_begin:
      \tl_if_novalue:nF {#1} { \keys_set:nn { scontents / foreachsc } {#1} }
      \tl_set:Nn \l__scontents_foreach_name_seq_tl {#2}
      \seq_clear:N \l__scontents_foreach_print_seq
      \bool_if:NF \l__scontents_foreach_stop_bool
        {
          \int_set:Nn \l__scontents_foreach_stop_int
            { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#2_seq } }
        }
      \int_step_function:nnnN
        { \l__scontents_foreach_start_int }
        { \l__scontents_foreach_step_int }
        { \l__scontents_foreach_stop_int }
        \__scontents_foreach_add_body:n
      \tl_gset:Ne \g__scontents_temp_tl
        {
          \exp_args:NNV \seq_use:Nn
            \l__scontents_foreach_print_seq \l__scontents_foreach_sep_tl
        }
    \group_end:
    \exp_after:wN \tl_gclear:N
    \exp_after:wN \g__scontents_temp_tl
      \g__scontents_temp_tl
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_foreach_add_body:n #1
  {
    \seq_put_right:Ne \l__scontents_foreach_print_seq
      {
        \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_foreach_before_bool
          { \exp_not:V \l__scontents_foreach_before_tl }
        \bool_if:NTF \l__scontents_foreach_wrapper_bool
          { \__scontents_foreach_wrapper:n }
          { \use:n }
            { \getstored [#1] { \tl_use:N \l__scontents_foreach_name_seq_tl } }
        \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_foreach_after_bool
          { \exp_not:V \l__scontents_foreach_after_tl }
      }
  }
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\foreachsc`, `\__scontents_foreachsc_internal:nn`, *and* `\__scontents_foreach_add_body:n`. *This function is documented on page 6.*)

12.15 The command `\typestored`

`\typestored`
`\__scontents_typestored_internal:nn`
`\__scontents_verb_print:N`
`\__scontents_xverb:w`

The `\typestored` commands fetches a buffer from memory, prints it to the log file, and then calls `\__scontents_verb_print:N`.

```
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \typestored { o m }
  { \__scontents_typestored_internal:nn {#1} {#2} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_typestored_internal:nn #1 #2
  {
    \__scontents_bsphack:
    \group_begin:
      \seq_clear:N \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
      \str_set:Ne \l__scontents_cur_seq_name_str {#2}
      \tl_if_novalue:nF {#1} { \keys_set:nn { scontents / typemeaning } {#1} }
      \seq_if_empty:NT \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
        { \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \l__scontents_seq_item_seq { 1 } }
      \tl_set:Ne \l__scontents_temp_tl
        { \__scontents_getfrom_seq:Nn \l__scontents_seq_item_seq {#2} }
      \__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
      \tl_replace_all:Nxn \l__scontents_temp_tl \c__scontents_hidden_space_str { ^^J }
      \tl_log:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
      \tl_if_empty:NF \l__scontents_temp_tl
        {
```

```
          \bool_if:NT \l__scontents_print_aux_bool
            {
              \__scontents_verb_print:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
            }
        }
      \__scontents_file_write_cmd:VV \l__scontents_fname_out_tl \l__scontents_temp_tl
      \use:e
        {
    \group_end:
    \bool_if:NF \l__scontents_print_aux_bool { \__scontents_esphack: }
        }
  }
```

The `\__scontents_verb_print:N` macro is defined with active carriage return (ASCII 13) characters to mimic an actual verbatim environment "on the loose". The contents of the environment are placed in a `verbatimsc` environment and rescanned using `\__scontents_rescan_tokens:x`.

```
\group_begin:
  \char_set_catcode_active:N \^^M
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_verb_print:N #1
    {
      \tl_if_blank:VT #1
        { \msg_error:nnn { scontents } { empty-variable } {#1} }
      \cs_set_eq:NN \__scontents_verb_print_EOL: ^^M
      \cs_set_eq:NN ^^M \scan_stop:
      \cs_set_eq:cN { do@noligs } \__scontents_do_noligs:N
      \int_set:Nn \tex_newlinechar:D { `\^^J }
      \__scontents_rescan_tokens:x
        {
          \__scontents_format_case:nnn
            { \exp_not:N \begin{verbatimsc} } % LaTeX
            { \verbatimsc } % Plain/Generic
            { \startverbatimsc } % ConTeXt
            ^^M
          \exp_not:V #1 ^^M
          \g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl
        }
      \cs_set_eq:NN ^^M \__scontents_verb_print_EOL:
    }
\group_end:
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_xverb:
  {
    \char_set_catcode_active:n { 9 }
    \char_set_active_eq:nN { 9 } \__scontents_tabs_to_spaces:
    \__scontents_xverb:w
  }
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\typestored` *and others. This function is documented on page 6.*)

12.16 The command `\mergesc`

`\mergesc`
`\__scontents_mergesc_output_cmd:nn`
`\__scontents_mergesc_internal:nn`
`\__scontents_mergesc_parse_list:n`
`\__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:N`
`\__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:w`
`\__scontents_parse_mergesc:nw`
`\__scontents_parse_mergesc_aux:nw`
`\__scontents_parse_mergesc_range:nw`

The `\mergesc` command parses a list given as argument, and just assembles it as a temporary internal sequence, then passes it to the requested command.

```
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \mergesc { o m }
  { \__scontents_mergesc_internal:nn {#1} {#2} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\keys_define:nn { scontents / mergesc }
  {
    , typestored .code:n =
        { \cs_set_eq:NN \__scontents_mergesc_output_cmd:nn \__scontents_typestored_internal:nn }
    , meaningsc .code:n =
        { \cs_set_eq:NN \__scontents_mergesc_output_cmd:nn \__scontents_meaningsc_internal:nn }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_mergesc_output_cmd:nn #1 #2
  { \msg_error:nn { scontents } { mergesc-missing-cmd } }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { mergesc-missing-cmd }
  { Missing~output~command~for~\iow_char:N\\mergesc~\msg_line_context:. }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_mergesc_internal:nn #1 #2
```

```
  {
    \group_begin:
      \tl_clear:N \l__scontents_keys_tl
      \tl_if_novalue:nF {#1}
        {
          % Add print-cmd here :D
          \keys_define:nn { scontents / typemeaning }
            {
              print-cmd .bool_set:N = \l__scontents_print_aux_bool,
              print-cmd .initial:n = false,
              print-cmd .default:n = true,
            }
          \keys_set_known:nnN { scontents / mergesc } {#1} \l__scontents_keys_tl
        }
      \seq_gclear:c { g__scontents_name_sc!internal_seq }
      \__scontents_mergesc_parse_list:n {#2}
      \exp_args:Nx \__scontents_mergesc_output_cmd:nn
        { 1-end, \exp_not:V \l__scontents_keys_tl } { sc!internal }
    \group_end:
  }

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_mergesc_parse_list:n #1
  {
    \clist_map_inline:nn {#1} { \__scontents_parse_mergesc:nw ##1 \s__scontents_stop }
    \seq_gpop_right:cN { g__scontents_name_sc!internal_seq } \l__scontents_temp_tl
    \__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
    \seq_gput_right:cV { g__scontents_name_sc!internal_seq } \l__scontents_temp_tl
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npx \__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:N #1
  {
    \exp_not:N \exp_after:wN \exp_not:N \__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:w
      #1 \s__scontents_stop \c__scontents_hidden_space_str \s__scontents_stop \s__scontents_mark #1
  }
\use:e
  {
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \exp_not:N \__scontents_remove_trailing_eol:w #1
        \c__scontents_hidden_space_str \s__scontents_stop #2 \s__scontents_mark #3
  }   {
        \tl_set:Ne #3
          {
            \tl_if_empty:nTF {#2}
              { \exp_not:o { \__scontents_use_delimit_by_s_stop:nw #1 } }
              { \exp_not:n {#1} }
          }
      }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_mergesc:nw #1
  {
    \peek_remove_spaces:n
      {
        \peek_charcode:NTF [ % ]
          { \__scontents_parse_mergesc_aux:nw {#1} }
          { \__scontents_parse_mergesc_aux:nw {#1} [ 1-\seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } ] }
      }
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_mergesc_aux:nw #1 [#2]
  {
    \seq_clear:N \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
    \clist_map_inline:nn {#2}
      { \__scontents_parse_mergesc_range:nw {#1} ##1 - \q__scontents_mark - \s__scontents_mark }
    \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
      {
        \seq_gput_right:ce { g__scontents_name_sc!internal_seq }
          { \seq_item:cn { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } {##1} }
      }
    \__scontents_use_none_delimit_by_s_stop:w
  }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_parse_mergesc_range:nw #1 #2 - #3 - #4 \s__scontents_mark
  {
    \cs_set_protected:Npn \__scontents_tmp:w ##1
      {
        \msg_error:nneee { scontents } { index-out-of-range }
```

```
          {##1} {#1} { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } }
      }
    \__scontents_range_parser:nnxn {#2} {#3}
      { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } }
      { \__scontents_tmp:w }
  }
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\mergesc` *and others. This function is documented on page 6.*)

12.17 The TEX, LATEX and ConTEXt `verbatimsc`

`\endverbatimsc` `\end{verbatimsc}` `\stopverbatimsc` `\startverbatimsc`

Finally the TEX, LATEX and ConTEXt version of `verbatimsc` environment is defined.

```
⟨*loader⟩
⟨*!context⟩
\use:e
  {
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \exp_not:N \__scontents_xverb:w
      #1 \g__scontents_end_verbatimsc_tl
⟨latex⟩       { #1 \exp_not:N \end{verbatimsc} }
⟨plain⟩       { #1 \exp_not:N \endverbatimsc }
⟨context⟩       { #1 \exp_not:N \stopverbatimsc }
  }
⟨/!context⟩
```

In ConTEXt we use our own tool `\definetyping`.

```
⟨context⟩\definetyping[verbatimsc]
```

(*End of definition for* `\endverbatimsc` *and others.*)

`\__scontents_declare_instance:verbatimsc`

To be compatible with *tagged* PDF we must define the environment `verbatimsc` in terms of the `xtemplate` module integrated into the LATEX kernel, this code is adapted directly from Mrs. Ulrike Fischer's answer to New verbatim environment with block code (tagged-pdf).

```
⟨*latex⟩
\cs_new_protected:Nn \__scontents_declare_instance:
  {
    \DeclareInstance{blockenv}{verbatimsc}{display}
      {
        env-name       = verbatimsc,
        tag-name       = verbatim,
        tag-class      = ,
        tagging-recipe = standard,
        inner-level-counter = ,
        level-increase = false,
        setup-code     = ,
        block-instance = displayblock,
        inner-instance = ,
        final-code     = \legacyverbatimsetup \tag_tool:n {paratag=codeline},
        para-flattened = true
      }
  }
\NewDocumentEnvironment { verbatimsc } { }
  {
    \IfDocumentMetadataTF
      {
        \__scontents_declare_instance:
        \UseInstance{blockenv}{verbatimsc}{}
        \@setupverbinvisiblespace\frenchspacing\@vobeyspaces %% <--??
        \__scontents_xverb:
      }
      {
        \cs_set_eq:cN { @xverbatim } \__scontents_xverb:
        \verbatim
      }
  }
```

The macro `\endverbatim` in the second argument of the `verbatimsc` environment is only needed for compatibility with the verbatim package.

```
  {
```

```
    \IfDocumentMetadataTF
      {
        \endblockenv
      }
      { \endverbatim }
  }
⟨/latex⟩
⟨/loader⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_declare_instance:` *and* `verbatimsc`. *This function is documented on page* 7.)

12.17.1 Some auxiliaries functions

`\__scontents_tabs_to_spaces:`

In a verbatim context the `TAB` character is made active and set equal to `\__scontents_tabs_to_spaces:`, to produce as many spaces as the `width-tab` key was set to.

```
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new:Npn \__scontents_tabs_to_spaces:
  { \prg_replicate:nn { \l__scontents_tab_width_int } { ~ } }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_tabs_to_spaces:`.)

`\__scontents_do_noligs:N`

`\__scontents_do_noligs:N` is an alternative definition for LaTeX 2_ε's `\do@noligs` which makes sure to not consume following space tokens. The LaTeX 2_ε version ends with `\char`#1`, which leaves TeX still looking for an ⟨*optional space*⟩.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_do_noligs:N #1
  {
    \char_set_catcode_active:N #1
    \cs_set:cpe { __scontents_active_char_ \token_to_str:N #1 : }
      {
        \mode_leave_vertical:
        \tex_kern:D \c_zero_dim
        \tex_char:D `\exp_not:N #1
      }
    \char_set_active_eq:Nc #1 { __scontents_active_char_ \token_to_str:N #1 : }
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_do_noligs:N`.)

`\__scontents_tl_if_head_is_q_mark:nTF`

Tests if the head of the token list is `\q__scontents_mark`.

```
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn \__scontents_tl_if_head_is_q_mark:n #1
  { T, F, TF }
  {
    \exp_after:wN \if_meaning:w
      \exp_after:wN
        \q__scontents_mark \__scontents_use_i_delimit_by_s_stop:nw #1 ? \s__scontents_stop
      \prg_return_true:
    \else:
      \prg_return_false:
    \fi:
  }
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_tl_if_head_is_q_mark:nTF`.)

`\__scontents_set_active_eq:NN`
`\__scontents_make_control_chars_active:`
`\__scontents_plain_disable_outer_par:`

Shortcut definitions for common catcode changes. The `^^L` needs a special treatment in non-LaTeX mode because in Plain TeX it is an `\outer` token.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_set_active_eq:NN #1
  {
    \char_set_catcode_active:N #1
    \char_set_active_eq:NN #1
  }
⟨/core⟩
⟨*loader⟩
\group_begin:
⟨plain⟩  \char_set_catcode_active:n { `\* }
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_plain_disable_outer_par:
⟨*plain⟩
    {
      \group_begin:
```

```
      \char_set_lccode:nn { `\* } { `\^^L }
      \tex_lowercase:D { \group_end:
      \tex_let:D * \scan_stop:
    }
  }
⟨/plain⟩
⟨latex|context⟩    { }
\group_end:
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\group_begin:
  \char_set_catcode_active:N \*
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_make_control_chars_active:
    {
      \__scontents_plain_disable_outer_par:
      \__scontents_set_active_eq:NN \^^I \__scontents_tab:
      \__scontents_set_active_eq:NN \^^L \__scontents_par:
      \__scontents_set_active_eq:NN \^^M \__scontents_ret:w
    }
\group_end:
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\__scontents_set_active_eq:NN`, `\__scontents_make_control_chars_active:`, *and* `\__scontents_plain_disable_outer_par:`.)

12.18 The command `\setupsc`

User command `\setupsc` to setup module.

`\setupsc` A user-level wrapper for `\keys_set:nn{ scontents }`.

```
⟨*loader⟩
\NewDocumentCommand \setupsc { +m }
  { \keys_set:nn { scontents } {#1} }
```

(*End of definition for* `\setupsc`. *This function is documented on page 3.*)

12.19 The command `\meaningsc`

`\meaningsc` User command `\meaningsc` to see content stored in seq.

`\__scontents_meaningsc_internal:nn`
`\__scontents_meaningsc:n`

```
\NewDocumentCommand \meaningsc { o m }
  { \__scontents_meaningsc_internal:nn {#1} {#2} }
⟨/loader⟩
⟨*core⟩
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_meaningsc_internal:nn #1 #2
  {
    \group_begin:
      \seq_clear:N \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
      \str_set:Nx \l__scontents_cur_seq_name_str {#2}
      \tl_if_novalue:nF {#1} { \keys_set:nn { scontents / typemeaning } {#1} }
      \seq_if_empty:NT \l__scontents_seq_item_seq
        { \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \l__scontents_seq_item_seq { 1 } }
      \__scontents_meaningsc:n {#2}
    \group_end:
  }
\group_begin:
  \char_set_catcode_active:N \^^I
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__scontents_meaningsc:n #1
    {
      \tl_set:Nx \l__scontents_temp_tl
        { \__scontents_getfrom_seq:Nn \l__scontents_seq_item_seq {#1} }
      \tl_replace_all:Nxn \l__scontents_temp_tl { \iow_char:N \^^J } { ~ }
      \tl_replace_all:Nxn \l__scontents_temp_tl \c__scontents_hidden_space_str { ~ }
      \tl_log:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
      \tl_use:N \l__scontents_verb_font_tl
      \tl_replace_all:Nnx \l__scontents_temp_tl { ^^I } { \__scontents_tabs_to_spaces: }
      \cs_replacement_spec:N \l__scontents_temp_tl
    }
\group_end:
⟨/core⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\meaningsc`, `\__scontents_meaningsc_internal:nn`, *and* `\__scontents_meaningsc:n`. *This function is documented on page 7.*)

12.20 The command `\countsc`

`\countsc` User command `\countsc` to count number of contents stored in `seq`.

```
⟨*loader⟩
\NewExpandableDocumentCommand \countsc { m }
  { \seq_count:c { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } }
```

(*End of definition for* `\countsc`. *This function is documented on page 7.*)

12.21 The command `\cleanseqsc`

`\cleanseqsc` A user command `\cleanseqsc` to clear (remove) a defined `seq`.

```
\NewDocumentCommand \cleanseqsc { m }
  { \seq_gclear_new:c { g__scontents_name_#1_seq } }
⟨/loader⟩
```

(*End of definition for* `\cleanseqsc`. *This function is documented on page 7.*)

12.22 Warning and error messages

Warning and error messages used throughout the package.

```
⟨*core⟩
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { junk-after-begin }
  {
    Junk~characters~#1~\msg_line_context: :
    \\ \\
    #2
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { env-already-defined }
  { Environment~'#1'~already~defined! }
  {
    You~have~used~\newenvsc
    with~an~environment~that~already~has~a~definition. \\ \\
    The~existing~definition~of~'#1'~will~not~be~altered.
  }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { empty-stored-content }
  { Empty~value~for~key~'getstored'~\msg_line_context:. }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { empty-variable }
  { Variable~'#1'~empty~\msg_line_context:. }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { overwrite-file }
  { Overwriting~file~'#1'. }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { writing-file }
  { Writing~file~'#1'. }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { not-writing }
  { File~`#1'~already~exists.~Not~writing. }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { rescanning-text }
  { Rescanning~text~'#1'~after~\c_backslash_str end{#2}~\msg_line_context:.}
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { multiple-begin }
  { Multiple~\c_backslash_str begin{ \l__scontents_env_name_tl }~\msg_line_context:.}
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { undefined-storage }
  { Storage~named~'#1'~is~not~defined. }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { index-out-of-range }
  {
    \int_compare:nNnTF {#1} = { 0 }
      { Index~of~sequence~cannot~be~zero. }
      {
        Index~'#1'~out~of~range~for~'#2'.~
        \int_compare:nNnTF {#1} > { 0 }
          { Max = } { Min = -} #3.
      }
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { env-key-unknown }
  {
    The~key~'#1'~is~unknown~by~environment~
    '\l__scontents_env_name_tl'~and~is~being~ignored.
  }
```

```
  {
    The~environment~'\l__scontents_env_name_tl'~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    Check~that~you~have~spelled~the~key~name~correctly.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { env-key-value-unknown }
  {
    The~key~'#1=#2'~is~unknown~by~environment~
    '\l__scontents_env_name_tl'~and~is~being~ignored.
  }
  {
    The~environment~'\l__scontents_env_name_tl'~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    Check~that~you~have~spelled~the~key~name~correctly.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { cmd-key-unknown }
  { The~key~'#1'~is~unknown~by~'\c_backslash_str Scontents'~and~is~being~ignored.}
  {
    The~command~'\c_backslash_str Scontents'~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    Check~that~you~have~spelled~the~key~name~correctly.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { cmd-key-value-unknown }
  { The~key~'#1=#2'~is~unknown~by~'\c_backslash_str Scontents'~and~is~being~ignored. }
  {
    The~command~'\c_backslash_str Scontents'~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    Check~that~you~have~spelled~the~key~name~correctly.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { for-key-unknown }
  { The~key~'#1'~is~unknown~by~'\c_backslash_str foreachsc'~and~is~being~ignored.}
  {
    The~command~'\c_backslash_str foreachsc'~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    Check~that~you~have~spelled~the~key~name~correctly.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { for-key-value-unknown }
  { The~key~'#1=#2'~is~unknown~by~'\c_backslash_str foreachsc'~and~is~being~ignored. }
  {
    The~command~'\c_backslash_str foreachsc'~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    Check~that~you~have~spelled~the~key~name~correctly.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { type-key-unknown }
  { The~key~'#1'~is~unknown~and~is~being~ignored. }
  {
    This~command~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    This~command~only~accepts~the~key~'width-tab'.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { type-key-value-unknown }
  { The~key~'#1'~to~which~you~passed~'#2'~is~unknown~and~is~being~ignored. }
  {
    This~command~does~not~have~a~key~called~'#1'.\\
    This~command~only~accepts~the~key~'width-tab'.
  }
\msg_new:nnn { scontents } { empty-environment }
  { environment~'#1'~empty~\msg_line_context:. }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { verbatim-newline }
  { Verbatim~argument~of~#1~ended~by~end~of~line. }
  {
    The~verbatim~argument~of~the~#1~cannot~contain~more~than~one~line,~
    but~the~end~
    of~the~current~line~has~been~reached.~You~may~have~forgotten~the~
    closing~delimiter.
    \\ \\
    LaTeX~will~ignore~'#2'.
  }
\msg_new:nnnn { scontents } { verbatim-tokenized }
  { The~verbatim~#1~cannot~be~used~inside~an~argument. }
  {
    The~#1~takes~a~verbatim~argument.~
    It~may~not~appear~within~the~argument~of~another~function.~
    It~received~an~illegal~token \tl_if_empty:nF {#3} { ~'#3' } .
    \\ \\
    LaTeX~will~ignore~'#2'.
  }
```

12.23 Finish package

Finish package implementation.

```
⟨/core⟩
⟨plain|context⟩\ExplSyntaxOff
```

13 Index of Implementation

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, the numbers underlined and all others indicate the line on which they are implemented in the package code.

seq commands:

T

U

V

W